constitution to the entire end espect and the lighter to describe the entire terminal to the entire terminal te

The State of the S

FILED DEC 1 6 1996

By Hallan

1

B. No. 38

#### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2	relating to the public education grant program.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. Section 29.202, Education Code, is amended to
5	read as follows:
6	Sec. 29.202. ELIGIBILITY. A student is eligible to receive
7	a public education grant under this subchapter if the student is
8	assigned to attend a public school campus:
9	(1) at which 50 percent or more of the students did
10	not perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered
11	under Section 39.023(a) or (b) in the preceding year [three-years];
12	or
13	(2) that was, at any time in the preceding year [three
14	<pre>years], identified as low-performing by:</pre>
15	(A) the commissioner under Subchapter D, Chapter
16	39 <u>; or</u>
17	(B) the comptroller under Section 403.020,
18	Government Code.
19	SECTION 2. Sections 29.203(b) and (d), Education Code, are
20	amended to read as follows:
21	(b) A student's public education grant is the total state
22	and local funding per student for the school district in which the

includes adjustments to the basic allotment under Subchapter B,

Chapter 42, and special allotments under Subchapter C, Chapter 42[7--but--does--not--include-small-district; sparsity; and cost-of education---adjustments---and---allotments---for---technology---and transportation]. A student's public education grant is the entitlement of the student, under the supervision of the student's parent, guardian, or custodian, is not an entitlement of any school district, and is paid to a school district solely as a means of administrative convenience.

(d) A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 may not charge the student tuition in addition to the public education grant or charge tuition that is greater than the district's average expenditure per student. The school district in which the student resides is entitled to the remainder, if any, of the student's public education grant funds. If the average expenditure per student of the district chosen by a student's parent is greater than the amount of the student's public education grant, the district is entitled to payment of the difference from the foundation school fund as provided by rules adopted by the commissioner.

SECTION 3. Sections 29.203(c) and (e), Education Code, are repealed.

SECTION 4. This Act applies beginning with the 1997-1998 school year.

the legislation and this importance of SECTION 5. The in both houses create an the calendars crowded condition of that the necessity public imperative and an emergency constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

(please request your coa in lieu of the front or the		inal bill)		Resolution Number:	
Hom a	la_	H. Cuell	W	12-16	-96
signature of <b>primary</b> au	ıthor	printed name of p	rimary author	Date	
PERMISSION TO SIGN  ALL REPRESE	(bill or resolu		IVEN TO (chec	k only one of the following	):
THE FOLLOW	ING REPRESEN	TATIVE(S):			
authorize the Chief Cle	erk to include my	name as a coauthor of the	e legislation indi	cated above:	
A2120 Aprilie	Date	A2645 Cuellar	Date	A2935 Giddings	
A2115 Allen	5/6/9/ Date	A2635 Culberson	Date	A2880 Glaze	
A2105 Alvarado	Date	A2670 Danburg	Date	A2985 Goodman	
A2135 Averitt	Date	A2675 Davila	Date	A2990 Goolsby	I
A2160 Bailey	Date	A2625 Davis	Date	A3005 Gray	r
A2200 Berlanga	Date	A2680 Delisi	Date	A3010 Greenberg	
A2250 Bonnen	Date	A3385 Denny	Date	A3020 Grusendorf	
A2275 Bosse	Date	A2705 Driver	Date	A3030 Gutierrez	
A2260 Brimer	Date	A2665 Dukes	Date	A3035 Haggerty	
A2255 Burnam	Date	A2660 Dunnam	Date	A2695 Hamric	
A2400 Carter	Date	A2650 Dutton	Date	A3170 Hartnett	
A2585 Chavez	Date	A2770 Edwards	Date	A3345 Hawley	
A2480 Chisum	Date	A2760 Ehrhardt	Date	A3180 Heflin	
A2525 Christian	Date	A2775 Eiland	Date	A3230 Hernandez	<u> </u>
A2520 Clark	Date	A2785 Elkins	Date	A3240 Hightower	
A2435 Coleman	Date	A2810 Farrar	Date	A3310 Hilbert	I
12365 Cgok	Date	A2830 Finnell	Date	A3250 Hilderbran	
2/95 CHE 900	Date	A2840 Flores	Date	A3275 Hill	
A2500 Counts	Date	A2920 Gallego	Date	A3270 Hinojosa	
2605 Crabb	Date	A2910 Galloway	Date	A3285 Hirschi	

A2930 Garcia

Date

A3305 Hochberg

Date

Date

A2610 Craddick

A3290 Hodge	Date	A3845 McReynolds	Date	A4435 Shields	Date
A3295 Holzheauser	Date	A3840 Merritt	Date	A4445 Siebert	Date
A3300 Horn	Date	A3850 Moffat	Date	A4525 Smith	Date
A3315 Howard	Date	A3860 Moreno	Date	A4530 Smithee	Date
A3355 Hunter	Date	A3865 Mowery	Date	A4550 Solis	Date
A.3360 Hupp	Date	A3885 Naishtat	Date	A4505 Solomons	Date
A3375 Isett	Date	A3895 Nixon	Date	A4515 Staples	Date
A3380 Jackson	Date	A3875 Oakley	Date	A4510 Stiles	Date
A3415 Janek	Date	A3990 Ogden	Date	A4570 Swinford	Date
A3405 Jones, Delwin	Date	A3880 Oliveira	Date	A4585 Talton	Date
A3400 Jones, Jesse	Date	A3886 Olivo	Date	A4605 Telford	Date
A3440 Juneli	Date	A4010 Palmer	Date	A4630 Thompson	Date
A3460 Kame	Date	A4070 Patterson	Date	A4635 Tillery	Date
A3475 Keel	Date	A4180 Pickett	Date	A4640 Torres	Date
A3480 Keffer	Date	A4185 Pitts	Date	A2730 Turner, Bob	Date
A3465 King	Date	A4110 Place	Date	A4685 Turner, Sylvester	Date
A3485 Krusee	Date	A4190 Price	Date	A4690 Uher	Date
A3490 Kubiak	Date	A4200 Puente	Date	A4720 Van de Putte	Date
A3450 Kuempel	Date	A4230 Rabuck	Date	A4990 Walker	Date
A3510 Laney	Date	A4210 Ramsay	Date	A4995 West	Date
A3605 Lewis, Glenn	Date	A4240 Rangel	Date	A5035 Williams	Date
A3600 Lewis, Ron	Date	A4235 Raymond	Date	A5010 Williamson	Date
A3615 Longoria	Date	A4245 Reyna, Arthur	Date	A5000 Wilson	Date
A3620 Luna, Vilma	Date	A4236 Reyna, Elvira	Date	A5020 Wise	Date
A3715 Madden	Date	A4260 Rhodes	Date	A5015 Wohlgemuth	5/2/97 Date
A3750 Marchant	Date	A4315 Rodriguez	Date	A4980 Wolens	Date
A2700 Maxey	Date	A4370 Sadler	Date	A5005 Woolley	Date
A3665 McCall	Date	A4420 Seaman	Date	A5025 Yarbrough	Date
A3650 McClendon	Date	A4460 Serna	Date	A5040 Zbranek	Date

# HOUSE COMMITTEE REPORT

# 1<sup>st</sup> Printing

By Cuellar, et al.
Substitute the following for H.B. No. 318:
By Sadler C.S.H.B. No. 318
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT
relating to the public education grant program.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
SECTION 1. Sections 29.202 and 29.203, Education Code, are
amended to read as follows:
Sec. 29.202. ELIGIBILITY. (a) A student is eligible to
receive a public education grant under this subchapter if the
student is assigned to attend a public school campus:
(1) at which 50 percent or more of the students did
not perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered
under Section 39.023(a) or (b) at any time in the preceding three
years; or
(2) that was, at any time in the preceding three
years, identified as low-performing by the commissioner under
Subchapter D, Chapter 39.
(b) After a student has used a public education grant to
attend a school in a district other than the district in which the
student resides:
(1) the student does not become ineligible for the
grant if the school on which the student's initial eligibility is

based no longer meets the criteria under Subsection (a); and

the student is assigned to attend a school that does not meet the

(2) the student becomes ineligible for the grant if

criteria under Subsection (a).

Sec. 29.203. FINANCING. (a) A student [eligible-under Section-25.00i-to-attend-school-in-a-school-district-but] who under this subchapter uses a public education grant to attend [attends] a public school in a school [another] district other than the district in which the student resides is included in the average daily attendance of the district in which the student [resides:-The-district-in-which-the-student] attends school [shall report-the-student's-attendance-to-the-district-in-which-the student-resides--in-accordance--with-rules--adopted--by--the commissioner].

1 1

- (b) A school district is entitled to the allotment provided by Section 42.157 for each eligible student using a public education grant. If the district has a wealth per student greater than the guaranteed wealth level but less than the equalized wealth level, a school district is entitled under rules adopted by the commissioner to additional state aid in an amount equal to the difference between the cost to the district of providing services to a student using a public education grant and the sum of the state aid received because of the allotment under Section 42.157 and money from the available school fund attributable to the student.
- (c) A school district is entitled to additional facilities assistance under Section 42.4101 if the district agrees to:
- (1) accept a number of students using public education grants that is at least one percent of the district's average daily attendance for the preceding school year; and
  - (2) provide services to each student until the student

either voluntarily decides to attend a school in a different district or graduates from high school.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

- (d) [A--student's--public-education-grant-is-the-total-state and-local-funding-per-student-for-the-school-district-in-which--the student--resides----Total--funding--from--state--and--local-sources includes-special-allotments-under-Subchapter--C7--Chapter--427--but does--not--include--small-district7-sparsity7-and-cost-of-education adjustments-and-allotments-for-technology--and--transportation----A student's-public-education-grant-is-the-entitlement-of-the-student7 under--the--supervision--of--the--student's--parent7--guardian7--or custodian7--is--not--an--entitlement-of-any-school-district7-and-is paid-to-a-school-district--solely--as--a--means--of--administrative convenience-
- [(e)] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 is entitled to accept or reject the application the student to attend school in that district but may not use basis of a student's race, criteria that discriminate on the academic achievement, athletic abilities, language ethnicity, proficiency, sex, or socioeconomic status. A school district has more acceptable applicants for attendance under this subchapter than available positions must give priority to students at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Section 29.081 and must fill the available positions by lottery. However, to achieve continuity in education, a school district may give preference over at-risk students to enrolled students and to the siblings of enrolled students residing in the same household or other children residing in the same household as enrolled students for the convenience

parents, guardians, or custodians of those children.

- (e) [(d)] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 may not charge the student tuition [in addition-to-the-public-education-grant-or-charge-tuition-that-is greater-than-the-district's-average-expenditure-per-student;——The school--district-in-which--the-student-resides-is-entitled-to-the remainder;—if-any;—of-the-student-s-public-education-grant-funds].
- (f) [(e)] The school district in which a student resides shall provide each student attending a school in another district under this subchapter transportation free of charge to and from the school the student would otherwise attend.

#### (g) In this section:

- (1) "Equalized wealth level" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
- (2) "Guaranteed wealth level" means a wealth per student equal to the dollar amount guaranteed level of state and local funds per weighted student per cent of tax effort, as provided by Section 42.302, multiplied by 10,000.
- (3) "Wealth per student" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
- SECTION 2. Subchapter C, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.157 to read as follows:
- Sec. 42.157. PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANT ALLOTMENT. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), for each student in average daily attendance who is using a public education grant under Subchapter G, Chapter 29, to attend school in a district other than the district in which the student resides, the district in which the

student attends school is entitled to an annual allotment equal to the adjusted basic allotment multiplied by a weight of 0.1.

- (b) The total number of allotments under this section to which a district is entitled may not exceed the number by which the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district exceeds the number of students who reside in the district and use public education grants to attend school in another district.
- SECTION 3. Subchapter H, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.4101 to read as follows:
- Sec. 42.4101. ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR DISTRICTS WITH STUDENTS USING PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANTS. (a) A district is entitled to additional assistance under this section as provided by Section 29.203(c).
- (b) The amount of additional assistance under this section is computed by subtracting the number of students residing in the district and using public education grants to attend school in another district for the year in which the assistance is granted from the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district for that year and multiplying the difference by \$266.
- (c) If a district to which this section applies is entitled to the maximum amount of assistance under Section 42.406, the maximum is increased by the amount of additional assistance to which the district is entitled under this section.
- SECTION 4. This Act applies beginning with the 1997-1998 school year.

#### C.S.H.B. No. 318

SECTION 5. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

# **COMMITTEE REPORT**

The Honorable James E. "Pete" Laney Speaker of the House of Representatives

4/17/57 (date)

Sir:				
We, your COMMITTEE ON				
to whom was referredt back with the recommendation		have had the s	same under conside	ration and beg to report
<ul><li>( ) do pass, without amend</li><li>( ) do pass, with amendment</li><li>( ) do pass and be not prin</li></ul>	ent(s).	e Substitute is recomme	nded in lieu of the c	original measure.
(Vyes ( ) no A fiscal	note was requested.			
( ) yes ( no A crimin	al justice policy impact stat	tement was requested.		
( yes ( ) no An equa	alized educational funding i	mpact statement was re	quested.	
( ) yes ( no An actua	arial analysis was requeste	d.		
( ) yes ( no A water	development policy impact	t statement was request	ed.	
( ) yes ( no A tax ec	quity note was requested.			
( ) The Committee recomm	nends that this measure be	sent to the Committee	on Local and Conse	nt Calendars.
For Senate Measures: Hou	se Sponsor			
Joint Sponsors:	/	,	,	
Co-oponsors.	AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO I			
The measure was reported f	from Committee by the follo	owing vote: NAY	PNV	ABSENT
Sadler, Chair	×			
Dutton, Vice-chair	×			
Culberson				×
Hernandez				X
Hochberg				X
Price	X			
Rhodes	X			
Uher	X			
Williamson	X			
Total $Q$	aye nay		Ladler	
<u> </u>	present, not voting	CHAIR		

#### **BILL ANALYSIS**

PUBLIC EDUCATION
C.S.H.B. 318
By: Cuellar
4-21-97
Committee Report (Substituted)

#### **BACKGROUND**

The Public Education Grant (PEG) Program, established by Senate Bill 1, 1995, allows parents of students at low performing schools to apply for the transfer of that child to the campus or district of their choice. Chosen districts, however, have resisted accepting PEG applications contending that ambiguity in the statute causes liability concerns over discrimination that are best avoided by not participating in the program. School districts may also reap greater financial rewards by accepting children on a tuition basis, rather than through the grant, and therefore, may be reserving any available space within the district for tuition based transfers.

#### **PURPOSE**

This bill alters the current eligibility requirements for participation in the program, making it easier for students to become eligible for the grant. The bill also provides financial incentives to districts that participate in the Public Education Grant program by educating PEG transfer students.

## RULEMAKING AUTHORITY

It is the committee's opinion that this bill does grant additional rulemaking authority to the commissioner of education in Section 1.

## SECTION BY SECTION ANALYSIS

- Section 1: Amends Section 29.202 to state that a student may receive a public education grant if he or she is assigned to a school where:
  - 1) 50 percent or more of the students have failed state-required tests at any time in the preceding three years; or
  - 2) was, at any time in the preceding three years, identified as low-performing by the commissioner.

Adds subsection(b) stating that after a public education grant has been granted for a student to attend a school other than the district in which the student resides:

- the student does not become ineligible for the grant if the school on which the student's initial eligibility is based no longer meets the criteria under Subsection (a); and
- 2) the student becomes ineligible for the grant if the student is assigned to attend a school that does not meet the criteria under Subsection (a).

Amends Section 29.203(a) by establishing student attendance for ADA purposes in the school district in which the student attends school.

Amends Sections 29.203(b), (c), (e) and (g):

b) Defines school district's entitlement for a student's public education grant. If a school district has a wealth per student greater than the guaranteed wealth level

but less than the equalized wealth level, a school district is entitled to additional state aid in an amount equal to the difference between the cost to the district of providing services to a student using a public education grant and the sum of the state aid received because of the allotment under Section 42.157 and money from the available school fund attributable to the student.

- c) Defines a school district is entitled to additional facilities assistance under Section 42.4101 if the district agrees to:
  - 1) accept a number of students using public education grants at least one percent of the district's average daily attendance for the preceding year; and
  - 2) provide services to each student until the student either voluntarily decides to attend a school in a different district or graduates from high school.
- e) States that a school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 may not charge the student tuition.
- g) Defines "Equalized wealth level", "Guaranteed wealth level", and "Wealth per student".
- Section 2: Amends Subchapter C, Chapter 42, Education Code, by adding Section 42.157 to grant the receiving school district an annual allotment equal to the adjusted basic allotment multiplied by a weight of 0.1.

  Adds subsection (b) stating that the total number of allotments under this section to which a district is entitled may not exceed the number by which the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district exceeds the number of students who reside in the district and use public education grants to attend school in another district.
- Section 3: Amends Subchapter H, Chapter 42, Education Code, by adding Section 42.4101: a) A district is entitled to additional assistance under this section as provided by Section 29.203(c).
  - b) The amount of additional assistance is computed by subtracting the number of students residing in the district and using public education grants to attend school in another district for the year in which the assistance is granted from the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district for that year and multiplying the difference by \$266.
  - c) If the district to which this section applies is entitled to the maximum amount of assistance under Section 42.406, the maximum is increased by the amount of additional assistance to which the district is entitled under this section.
- **Section 4:** Effective date.
- Section 5: Emergency clause.

## COMPARISON OF ORIGINAL TO SUBSTITUTE

The committee substitute to HB 318 increases the number of campuses that meet the eligibility requirements of the Public Education Grant program by granting students within these schools eligibility into the program if, at any time within the preceding three years, 50 percent or more of the student population did not perform satisfactorily on the TAAS test. HB 318 also required a satisfactory student performance level of 50 percent, however, this was dependent upon

assessment instruments administered in the preceding year, rather than any of the preceding three years. Furthermore, CSHB 318 provides clarifying language as to when a student becomes ineligible to participate in the program whereas HB 318 contains no equivalent provision.

CSHB 318 also alters the funding mechanism introduced in HB 318. HB 318 provides that the amount of the PEG transfer is equal to the total state and local funding per student in the district in which the student resides. This bill also provides additional funds from the foundation school program to receiving districts with higher per student expenditures than the amount received through the grant. These additional funds are equal to the difference between the per student expenditures and the amount of the grant.

CSHB 318, however, bases the amount of the grant on the Foundation School formulas for the receiving district and provides additional state assistance to receiving districts that have both a higher per student expenditure than the amount received through the grant, and a wealth level higher than the guaranteed level and below the equalized level. CSHB 318 also provides an allotment weight based on PEG transfer students, additional facilities assistance for schools with one percent or more enrollment of PEG transfer students, and additional tier two funding assistance to districts that do not receive tier two monies, but have a per student educational cost higher than the amount received through the grant.

# LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

# FISCAL NOTE 75th Regular Session

April 23, 1997

To:

Honorable Paul Sadler, Chair Committee on Public Education

House

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318, Committee Report 1st House,

Substituted

By: Cuellar

From: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

## Biennial Net Impact to General Revenue Funds by HB318-Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

Implementing the provisions of the bill would result in a net (negative) impact of \$(925,500-9,225,000) to General Revenue Related Funds through the biennium ending August 31, 1999.

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

#### Fiscal Analysis

The bill significantly changes both the eligibility requirements and the funding mechanism for the Public Education Grant Program (PEG).

Changes to Eligibility:

This bill significantly increases the number of campuses which meet eligibility criteria. The bill permits a campus to be considered eligible if in any of the last three (3) years more than 50% of the students did not perform satisfactorily on a TAAS test.

Current law requires that that level of performance be met in each of the last three years. More than 2,000 campuses would have been identified based on the three most recent years of data, involving more than 1.2 million students.

#### Changes to Funding Mechanism:

Section 29.203 stipulates that Foundation School Program formula funding amounts of the receiving (or educating) district are used to calculate the grant amount. These amounts are equivalent to the amounts which would be generated for a typical transfer student, and are therefore assumed to have no direct fiscal implications for the state.

Sections 29.203 and 42.4101 provide additional assistance under the facilities program, but only about 26% of districts receive that assistance. It appears that the amount of assistance would be about equal to that provided under current law, and therefore is expected to have no significant impact.

Section 42.157 creates the Public Education Grant Allotment. This allotment is equal to 10% of the adjusted basic allotment and would likely average about \$267 based on the current average adjusted basic allotment amount. This allotment would also tend to increase the number of weighted students used in calculating the guaranteed yield amounts.

In addition, districts which do not receive funding in the second tier guaranteed yield program would be eligible for additional funding to the extent that actual costs of services exceed the amount of benefit in the Foundation School Program. While this would increase costs to the state, it is unclear how much this calculated excess cost would be. The typical amount of extra funding available in the guaranteed yield is about \$1100 per weighted student, although the actual amount is variable, and would apply to approximately 10% of the participants.

#### Methodology

Pursuant to current law, 652 campuses with 491,005 students were eligible for a PEG grant in 1995-96. Of these, 31 students actually requested and received a Public Education Grant (.006 percent). Due to the significantly broader eligibility requirements in the bill, and the financial incentive provided in the bill, this estimate assumes a much higher rate of program participation.

This estimate provides two scenarios: in the first, program participation is 0.1% (roughly 1,200 participants) the second scenario estimates a participation rate of 1% (12,000 students). Scenario 1 results in a cost of \$320,000 in the first year due to the allotment, plus \$130,000 for the excess costs associated with PEG participation in higher wealth districts, for a total first year cost of about \$450,000. At a participation

rate of 1% (Scenario 2), the cost of the allotment would reach about \$3,200,000 in the first year, plus \$1,300,000 pursuant to the higher wealth districts for a total first year cost of about \$4,500,000.

Both scenarios assume an annual growth in participants of 5%.

The probable fiscal implications of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

#### Five Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from Foundation School Fund 0193
1998	(\$450,000)
1999	(472,500)
2000	(496,125)
2001	(520,931)
2002	(546,977)

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from Foundation School Fund 0193
1998	(\$4,500,000)
1999	(4,725,000)
2000	(4,961,250)
2001	(5,209,312)
2002	(5,469,778)

Similar annual fiscal implications would continue as long as the provisions of the bill are in effect.

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source:

Agencies: 701 Texas Education Agency - Administration

LBB Staff: JK, DH, UP

#### LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

#### **FISCAL NOTE** 75th Regular Session

March 31, 1997

To:

Honorable Paul Sadler, Chair Committee on Public Education

IN RE: House Bill No. 318

House

Austin, Texas

By: Cuellar

From: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

# Biennial Net Impact to General Revenue Funds by HB318-As Introduced

No fiscal implication to the state is anticipated.

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source:

Agencies: 701 Texas Education Agency - Administration

304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: JK, DH, UP, DD

# LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

# **Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement**

#### April 23, 1997

TO:

Honorable Paul Sadler, Chair Committee on Public Education

House

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318, Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

By: Cuellar

FROM:

John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

No impact on equalized funding requirements and policies affecting public education is anticipated from any of the provisions of this bill.

#### LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

#### **Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement**

March 31, 1997

TO:

Honorable Paul Sadler, Chair Committee on Public Education

House

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318

By: Cuellar

FROM:

John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

No impact on equalized funding requirements and policies affecting public education is anticipated from any of the provisions of this bill.

#### WITNESS LIST

HB 318 HOUSE COMMITTEE REPORT Public Education Committee

April 1, 1997 - 10:30A

For: Cuellar, Henry (Rep.)
Against: Bieser, Jenna (ATPE)
Hartman, Eric (TFT)
McLamore, Mike (ATPE)

## SUMMARY OF COMMITTEE ACTION

HB 318

April 1, 1997 10:30AM Considered in public hearing Testimony taken in committee Left pending in committee

April 17, 1997 10:30AM
Considered in public hearing
Committee substitute considered in committee
Reported favorably as substituted

ADOPTED W monded

MAY 5 6 1997

Sharon Carder

Chief Clerk
House of Representatives

By Cullar	<u>H</u> B. No. 318
Substitute the following for $HB$ . No. 318:	
Substitute the following for <u>HB</u> . No. <u>318</u> :  By Faul K. Adelle.	C.S. HB. No. 3/8

#### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

relating to the public education grant program.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Sections 29.202 and 29.203, Education Code, are amended to read as follows:

Sec. 29.202. ELIGIBILITY. (a) A student is eligible to receive a public education grant under this subchapter if the student is assigned to attend a public school campus:

- (1) at which 50 percent or more of the students did not perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered under Section 39.023(a) or (b) at any time in the preceding three years; or
- (2) that was, at any time in the preceding three years, identified as low-performing by the commissioner under Subchapter D, Chapter 39.
- (b) After a student has used a public education grant to attend a school in a district other than the district in which the student resides:
- (1) the student does not become ineligible for the grant if the school on which the student's initial eligibility is based no longer meets the criteria under Subsection (a); and
- (2) the student becomes ineligible for the grant if
  the student is assigned to attend a school that does not meet the
  criteria under Subsection (a).

(a) A student [eligible--under Sec. 29.203. FINANCING. Section--25-001--to--attend--school--in-a-school-district-but] who under this subchapter uses a public education grant to attend [attends] a public school in a school [another] district other than the district in which the student resides is included in the average daily attendance of the district in which the student [resides---The-district-in-which-the-student] attends school [shall report-the-student's--attendance--to--the--district--in--which--the student---resides---in---accordance---with--rules--adopted--by--the commissioner]. 

- by Section 42.157 for each eligible student using a public education grant. If the district has a wealth per student greater than the guaranteed wealth level but less than the equalized wealth level, a school district is entitled under rules adopted by the commissioner to additional state aid in an amount equal to the difference between the cost to the district of providing services to a student using a public education grant and the sum of the state aid received because of the allotment under Section 42.157 and money from the available school fund attributable to the student.
- (c) A school district is entitled to additional facilities assistance under Section 42.4101 if the district agrees to:
- (1) accept a number of students using public education grants that is at least one percent of the district's average daily attendance for the preceding school year; and
  - (2) provide services to each student until the student

either voluntarily decides to attend a school in a different district or graduates from high school.

(d) [A--student's--public-education-grant-is-the-total-state and-local-funding-per-student-for-the-school-district-in-which--the student--resides:---Total--funding--from--state--and--local-sources includes-special-allotments-under-Subchapter--C7--Chapter--427--but does--not--include--small-district;-sparsity;-and-cost-of-education adjustments-and-allotments-for-technology--and--transportation:---A student's-public-education-grant-is-the-entitlement-of-the-student; under--the--supervision--of--the--student's--parent;--guardian;--or custodian;--is--not--an--entitlement-of-any-school-district;-and-is paid-to-a-school-district--solely--as--a--means--of--administrative convenience:

[(c)] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 is entitled to accept or reject the application for the student to attend school in that district but may not use criteria that discriminate on the basis of a student's race, ethnicity, academic achievement, athletic abilities, language proficiency, sex, or socioeconomic status. A school district that has more acceptable applicants for attendance under this subchapter than available positions must give priority to students at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Section 29.081 and must fill the available positions by lottery. However, to achieve continuity in education, a school district may give preference over at-risk students to enrolled students and to the siblings of enrolled students residing in the same household or other children residing in the same household as enrolled students for the convenience of

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

parents, guardians, or custodians of those children.

(e) [+d+] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 may not charge the student tuition [in addition-to-the-public-education-grant-or-charge-tuition-that-is greater-than-the-district's-average-expenditure-per-student:---The school--district-in-which--the-student-resides-is-entitled-to-the remainder;-if-any;-of-the-student-s-public-education-grant-funds].

(f) [fe] The school district in which a student resides shall provide each student attending a school in another district under this subchapter transportation free of charge to and from the school the student would otherwise attend.

#### (g) In this section:

- (1) "Equalized wealth level" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
- (2) "Guaranteed wealth level" means a wealth per student equal to the dollar amount guaranteed level of state and local funds per weighted student per cent of tax effort, as provided by Section 42.302, multiplied by 10,000.
- (3) "Wealth per student" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
- amended by adding Section 42.157 to read as follows:
  - Sec. 42.157. PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANT ALLOTMENT. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), for each student in average daily attendance who is using a public education grant under Subchapter G, Chapter 29, to attend school in a district other than the district in which the student resides, the district in which the

student attends school is entitled to an annual allotment equal to the adjusted basic allotment multiplied by a weight of 0.1.

(b) The total number of allotments under this section to which a district is entitled may not exceed the number by which the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district exceeds the number of students who reside in the district and use public education grants to attend school in another district.

SECTION 3. Subchapter H, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.4101 to read as follows:

Sec. 42.4101. ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR DISTRICTS WITH STUDENTS USING PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANTS. (a) A district is entitled to additional assistance under this section as provided by Section 29.203(c).

- (b) The amount of additional assistance under this section is computed by subtracting the number of students residing in the district and using public education grants to attend school in another district for the year in which the assistance is granted from the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district for that year and multiplying the difference by \$266.
- (c) If a district to which this section applies is entitled to the maximum amount of assistance under Section 42.406, the maximum is increased by the amount of additional assistance to which the district is entitled under this section.

26 SECTION 4. This Act applies beginning with the 1997-1998 27 school year.

R

SECTION 5. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.



# **ADOPTED**

MAY = 6 1997

Sharon Carter
Chief Clerk
House of Representatives

FLOOR AMENDMENT NO.

2

3

7

8

9

12

13

25

BY Helea

1 Amend C.S.H.B.	No.	318	as	follows:
------------------	-----	-----	----	----------

(1) On page 4, between lines 20 and 21, insert the following new section:

₹1 .

- SECTION 2. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 29.204 to read as follows:
  - Sec. 29.204. NOTIFICATION. (a) Not later than July 1 of each year, the commissioner shall provide a notice to each school district in which a campus described by Section 29.202 is located that:
- 10 (1) identifies each campus in the district that meets
  11 the description in Section 29.202; and
  - (2) informs the district that the district must comply with Subsection (b).
- 14 (b) Not later than July 15 of each year, a school district
  15 shall notify the parent of each student in the district assigned to
  16 attend a campus described by Section 29.202 that the student is
  17 eligible for a public education grant. The notice must contain a
  18 clear, concise explanation of the public education grant program
  19 and of the manner in which the parent may obtain further
  20 information about the program.
- 21 (2) On page 4, line 21, strike "SECTION 2" and substitute 22 "SECTION 3".
- 23 (3) On page 5, line 9, strike "SECTION 3" and substitute "SECTION 4".
  - (4) On page 5, line 26, strike "SECTION 4" and substitute

ADOPTIO

MAY - 6 1997

Sharon Carden

Chief Clark

House of Representatives



ADOPTED

MAY - 6 1997

House of Representatives

FLOOR AMENDMENT NO.

Amend C.S.H.B. No. 318 on page 4, between lines 20 and 21, by inserting a new SECTION 2 of the bill to read as follows and by renumbering subsequent sections of the bill accordingly:

Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is SECTION 2. amended by adding Section 29.204 to read as follows:

Sec. 29.204. CONTRACT AUTHORITY. The board of trustees of a school district may contract under Section 11.157 for the provision of educational services to a district student eligible to receive a public education grant under Section 29.202.

ADOPTED

MAY - 5 1997

Sharen Carden House of Representatives



ADOPTED

MAY = 6 1997

Sharon Carter Chief Clerk House of Representatives

FLOOR AMENDMENT NO. (1)

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

BY: Journ

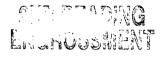
Amend HB 318 by striking page 3, line 14 through page 4, line

1 and inserting the following:

[<del>(c)</del>] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 is entitled to [accept or] reject the application for the student to attend school in that district only if 95 percent or more of the available positions for the grade level for which the student is applying are filled. The district [but] may not use criteria that discriminate on the basis of a student's race, ethnicity, academic achievement, athletic abilities, language proficiency, sex, or socioeconomic status. A school district that has more acceptable applicants for attendance under this subchapter than available positions must give priority to students at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Section 29.081 and must fill the available positions by lottery. However, to achieve continuity in education, a school district may give preference over at-risk students to enrolled students and to the siblings of enrolled students residing in the same household or other children residing in the same household as enrolled students for the convenience of parents, guardians, or custodians of those children.

MAY - 6 1997.

Sharon Carden
Chief Clark
House of Representatives



By Cuellar, et al.

1

H.B. No. 318

#### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2	relating to the public education grant program.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. Sections 29.202 and 29.203, Education Code, are
5	amended to read as follows:
6	Sec. 29.202. ELIGIBILITY. (a) A student is eligible to
7	receive a public education grant under this subchapter if the
8	student is assigned to attend a public school campus:
9	(1) at which 50 percent or more of the students did
10	not perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered
11	under Section 39.023(a) or (b) at any time in the preceding three
12	years; or
13	(2) that was, at any time in the preceding three
14	years, identified as low-performing by the commissioner under
15	Subchapter D, Chapter 39.
16	(b) After a student has used a public education grant to
17	attend a school in a district other than the district in which the
18	student resides:
19	(1) the student does not become ineligible for the
20	grant if the school on which the student's initial eligibility is
21	based no longer meets the criteria under Subsection (a); and
22	(2) the student becomes ineligible for the grant if
23	the student is assigned to attend a school that does not meet the
24	criteria under Subsection (a).

Sec. 29.203. FINANCING. (a) A student [eligible--under Section--25:001--to--attend--school--in-a-school-district-but] who under this subchapter uses a public education grant to attend [attends] a public school in a school [another] district other than the district in which the student resides is included in the average daily attendance of the district in which the student [resides:--The-district-in-which-the-student] attends school [shall report-the-student's--attendance--to--the--district--in--which--the student---resides---in---accordance---with--rules--adopted--by--the commissioner].

- (b) A school district is entitled to the allotment provided by Section 42.157 for each eligible student using a public education grant. If the district has a wealth per student greater than the guaranteed wealth level but less than the equalized wealth level, a school district is entitled under rules adopted by the commissioner to additional state aid in an amount equal to the difference between the cost to the district of providing services to a student using a public education grant and the sum of the state aid received because of the allotment under Section 42.157 and money from the available school fund attributable to the student.
- (c) A school district is entitled to additional facilities assistance under Section 42.4101 if the district agrees to:
- (1) accept a number of students using public education grants that is at least one percent of the district's average daily attendance for the preceding school year; and
  - (2) provide services to each student until the student

either voluntarily decides to attend a school in a different district or graduates from high school.

- (d) [A--student's--public-education-grant-is-the-total-state and-local-funding-per-student-for-the-school-district-in-which--the student--resides----Total--funding--from--state--and--local-sources includes-special-allotments-under-Subchapter--C7--Chapter--427--but does--not--include--small-district7-sparsity7-and-cost-of-education adjustments-and-allotments-for-technology--and--transportation----A student's-public-education-grant-is-the-entitlement-of-the-student7 under--the--supervision--of--the--student's--parent7--guardian7--or custodian7--is--not--an--entitlement-of-any-school-district7-and-is paid-to-a-school-district--solely--as--a--means--of--administrative convenience-
- [fet] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 is entitled to [accept-or] reject the application for the student to attend school in that district only if 95 percent or more of the available positions for the grade level for which the student is applying are filled. The district [but] may not use criteria that discriminate on the basis of a student's race, ethnicity, academic achievement, athletic abilities, language proficiency, sex, or socioeconomic status. A school district that has more acceptable applicants for attendance under this subchapter than available positions must give priority to students at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Section 29.081 and must fill the available positions by lottery. However, to achieve continuity in education, a school district may give preference over at-risk students to enrolled students and to the siblings of enrolled

students residing in the same household or other children residing in the same household as enrolled students for the convenience of parents, guardians, or custodians of those children.

- (e) [(d)] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 may not charge the student tuition [in addition-to-the-public-education-grant-or-charge-tuition-that-is greater-than-the-district's-average-expenditure-per-student.--The school-district-in-which-the-student-resides-is-entitled-to-the remainder,-if-any,-of-the-student's-public-education-grant-funds].
- (f) [(e)] The school district in which a student resides shall provide each student attending a school in another district under this subchapter transportation free of charge to and from the school the student would otherwise attend.

#### (g) In this section:

- (1) "Equalized wealth level" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
- (2) "Guaranteed wealth level" means a wealth per student equal to the dollar amount guaranteed level of state and local funds per weighted student per cent of tax effort, as provided by Section 42.302, multiplied by 10,000.
- (3) "Wealth per student" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
- SECTION 2. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 29.204 to read as follows:
- Sec. 29.204. NOTIFICATION. (a) Not later than July 1 of
  each year, the commissioner shall provide a notice to each school
  district in which a campus described by Section 29.202 is located

1	t	h	a	t	:

- (1) identifies each campus in the district that meets the description in Section 29.202; and
- (2) informs the district that the district must comply with Subsection (b).
- (b) Not later than July 15 of each year, a school district shall notify the parent of each student in the district assigned to attend a campus described by Section 29.202 that the student is eligible for a public education grant. The notice must contain a clear, concise explanation of the public education grant program and of the manner in which the parent may obtain further information about the program.
- SECTION 3. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 29.205 to read as follows:
- Sec. 29.205. CONTRACT AUTHORITY. The board of trustees of a school district may contract under Section 11.157 for the provision of educational services to a district student eligible to receive a public education grant under Section 29.202.
- SECTION 4. Subchapter C, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.157 to read as follows:
- Sec. 42.157. PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANT ALLOTMENT. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), for each student in average daily attendance who is using a public education grant under Subchapter G, Chapter 29, to attend school in a district other than the district in which the student resides, the district in which the student attends school is entitled to an annual allotment equal to the adjusted basic allotment multiplied by a weight of 0.1.

(b) The total number of allotments under this section to which a district is entitled may not exceed the number by which the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district exceeds the number of students who reside in the district and use public education grants to attend school in another district.

SECTION 5. Subchapter H, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.4101 to read as follows:

Sec. 42.4101. ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR DISTRICTS WITH STUDENTS USING PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANTS. (a) A district is entitled to additional assistance under this section as provided by Section 29.203(c).

- (b) The amount of additional assistance under this section is computed by subtracting the number of students residing in the district and using public education grants to attend school in another district for the year in which the assistance is granted from the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district for that year and multiplying the difference by \$266.
- (c) If a district to which this section applies is entitled to the maximum amount of assistance under Section 42.406, the maximum is increased by the amount of additional assistance to which the district is entitled under this section.
- SECTION 6. This Act applies beginning with the 1997-1998 school year.
- SECTION 7. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an

H.B. No. 318

emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

# HOUSE ENGROSSMENT

By Cuellar, et al.

1

H.B. No. 318

#### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2	relating to the public education grant program.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. Sections 29.202 and 29.203, Education Code, are
5	amended to read as follows:
6	Sec. 29.202. ELIGIBILITY. (a) A student is eligible to
7	receive a public education grant under this subchapter if the
8	student is assigned to attend a public school campus:
9	(1) at which 50 percent or more of the students did
10	not perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered
11	under Section 39.023(a) or (b) at any time in the preceding three
12	years; or
13	(2) that was, at any time in the preceding three
14	years, identified as low-performing by the commissioner under
15	Subchapter D, Chapter 39.
16	(b) After a student has used a public education grant to
17	attend a school in a district other than the district in which the
18	<pre>student resides:</pre>
19	(1) the student does not become ineligible for the
20	grant if the school on which the student's initial eligibility is
21	based no longer meets the criteria under Subsection (a); and
22	(2) the student becomes ineligible for the grant if
23	the student is assigned to attend a school that does not meet the
24	criteria under Subsection (a).

Sec. 29.203. FINANCING. (a) A student [eligible-under Section-25.001-to-attend-school-in-a-school-district-but] who under this subchapter uses a public education grant to attend [attends] a public school in a school [another] district other than the district in which the student resides is included in the average daily attendance of the district in which the student [resides:-The-district-in-which-the-student] attends school [shall report-the-student's-attendance-to-the-district-in-which-the student-resides--in--accordance--with-rules--adopted--by--the commissioner].

- by Section 42.157 for each eligible student using a public education grant. If the district has a wealth per student greater than the guaranteed wealth level but less than the equalized wealth level, a school district is entitled under rules adopted by the commissioner to additional state aid in an amount equal to the difference between the cost to the district of providing services to a student using a public education grant and the sum of the state aid received because of the allotment under Section 42.157 and money from the available school fund attributable to the student.
- (c) A school district is entitled to additional facilities assistance under Section 42.4101 if the district agrees to:
- (1) accept a number of students using public education grants that is at least one percent of the district's average daily attendance for the preceding school year; and
  - (2) provide services to each student until the student

either voluntarily decides to attend a school in a different district or graduates from high school.

- (d) [A--student's--public-education-grant-is-the-total-state and-local-funding-per-student-for-the-school-district-in-which--the student--resides:---Total--funding--from--state--and--local-sources includes-special-allotments-under-Subchapter--C7--Chapter--427--but does--not--include--small-district7-sparsity7-and-cost-of-education adjustments-and-allotments-for-technology--and--transportation:---A student's-public-education-grant-is-the-entitlement-of-the-student7 under--the--supervision--of--the--student's--parent7--guardian7--or custodian7--is--not--an--entitlement-of-any-school-district7-and-is paid-to-a-school-district--solely--as--a--means--of--administrative convenience:
- [tet] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 is entitled to [accept-or] reject the application for the student to attend school in that district only if 95 percent or more of the available positions for the grade level for which the student is applying are filled. The district [but] may not use criteria that discriminate on the basis of a student's race, ethnicity, academic achievement, athletic abilities, language proficiency, sex, or socioeconomic status. A school district that has more acceptable applicants for attendance under this subchapter than available positions must give priority to students at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Section 29.081 and must fill the available positions by lottery. However, to achieve continuity in education, a school district may give preference over at-risk students to enrolled students and to the siblings of enrolled

students residing in the same household or other children residing in the same household as enrolled students for the convenience of parents, guardians, or custodians of those children.

- (e) [†d†] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 may not charge the student tuition [in addition-to-the-public-education-grant-or-charge--tuition--that--is greater--than--the-district's-average-expenditure-per-student:--The school-district-in-which-the-student-resides--is--entitled--to--the remainder;-if-any;-of-the-student's-public-education-grant-funds].
- (f) [(e)] The school district in which a student resides shall provide each student attending a school in another district under this subchapter transportation free of charge to and from the school the student would otherwise attend.

#### (g) In this section:

- (1) "Equalized wealth level" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
- (2) "Guaranteed wealth level" means a wealth per student equal to the dollar amount guaranteed level of state and local funds per weighted student per cent of tax effort, as provided by Section 42.302, multiplied by 10,000.
- (3) "Wealth per student" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
- SECTION 2. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 29.204 to read as follows:
- Sec. 29.204. NOTIFICATION. (a) Not later than July 1 of each year, the commissioner shall provide a notice to each school district in which a campus described by Section 29.202 is located

t	h	а	ŧ.	•
		•	•	•

- (1) identifies each campus in the district that meets the description in Section 29.202; and
- (2) informs the district that the district must comply with Subsection (b).
- (b) Not later than July 15 of each year, a school district shall notify the parent of each student in the district assigned to attend a campus described by Section 29.202 that the student is eligible for a public education grant. The notice must contain a clear, concise explanation of the public education grant program and of the manner in which the parent may obtain further information about the program.
- SECTION 3. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 29.205 to read as follows:
- Sec. 29.205. CONTRACT AUTHORITY. The board of trustees of a school district may contract under Section 11.157 for the provision of educational services to a district student eligible to receive a public education grant under Section 29.202.
- SECTION 4. Subchapter C, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.157 to read as follows:
- Sec. 42.157. PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANT ALLOTMENT. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), for each student in average daily attendance who is using a public education grant under Subchapter G, Chapter 29, to attend school in a district other than the district in which the student resides, the district in which the student attends school is entitled to an annual allotment equal to the adjusted basic allotment multiplied by a weight of 0.1.

(b) The total number of allotments under this section to which a district is entitled may not exceed the number by which the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district exceeds the number of students who reside in the district and use public education grants to attend school in another district.

SECTION 5. Subchapter H, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.4101 to read as follows:

Sec. 42.4101. ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR DISTRICTS WITH STUDENTS USING PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANTS. (a) A district is entitled to additional assistance under this section as provided by Section 29.203(c).

- (b) The amount of additional assistance under this section is computed by subtracting the number of students residing in the district and using public education grants to attend school in another district for the year in which the assistance is granted from the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district for that year and multiplying the difference by \$266.
- (c) If a district to which this section applies is entitled to the maximum amount of assistance under Section 42.406, the maximum is increased by the amount of additional assistance to which the district is entitled under this section.

SECTION 6. This Act applies beginning with the 1997-1998 school year.

SECTION 7. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an

H.B. No. 318

emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

```
Cuellar, et al. (Senate Sponsor - Bivins)
 1-1
                                                                                                    H.B. No. 318
 1-2
                       (In the Senate - Received from the House
                                                                                                    May 9, 1997;
              May 12, 1997, read first time and referred to Committee on Education; May 18, 1997, reported adversely, with favorable Committee Substitute by the following vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0;
  1-3
 1 - 4
 1-5
              May 18, 1997, sent to printer.)
              COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR H.B. No. 318
                                                                                                      By:
                                                                                                             Bivins
 1 - 8
                                                  A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
                                                             AN ACT
              relating to the public education grant program.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Sections 29.202 and 29.203, Education Code,
1 - 10
1-11
1-12
              amended to read as follows:
1 - 13
              Sec. 29.202. ELIGIBILITY. (a) A student is eligible to receive a public education grant or to attend another public school
1 - 14
1-15
              in the district in which the student resides under this subchapter if the student is assigned to attend a public school campus:
1-16
1 - 17
                                 (1) at which 50 percent or more of the students did
1 - 18
1 - 19
              not perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered
1-20
              under Section 39.023(a) or (b) during each of the [in--the]
              preceding three years; or
1-21
              (2) that was, at any time in years, identified as low-performing by the
1-22
                                                                                         the preceding three
1-23
                                                                                         commissioner under
1 - 24
              Subchapter D, Chapter 39.
1-25
                             After a student has used a public education grant to
1-26
              attend a school in a district other than the district in which the
              student resides:

(1) the student does not become ineligible for the grant if the school on which the student's initial eligibility is
1 - 27
1-28
1 - 29
              based no longer meets the criteria under Subsection (a); and
1-30
1-31
                                 (2) the student becomes ineligible for the grant if
              the student is assigned to attend a school that does not meet criteria under Subsection (a).
              the student
1-32
1-33
                       Sec. 29.203. FINANCING.
1 - 34
                                                                   (a) A student [eligible--under
1-35
              Section-25-001-to-attend-school-in-a-school-district-but] who under
              this subchapter uses a public education grant to attend [attends] a public school in a school [another] district other than the district in which the student resides is included in the average daily attendance of the district in which the student [resides.
1-36
1 - 37
1-38
1 - 39
              The-district-in-which-the-student] attends school [shall-report-the
1 - 40
1 - 41
              student's--attendance--to-the-district-in-which-the-student-resides
1 - 42
              in-accordance-with-rules-adopted-by-the-commissioner].
              (b) A school district is entitled to the allotment provided by Section 42.157 for each eligible student using a public education grant. If the district has a wealth per student greater
1-43
1 - 44
1 - 45
              than the guaranteed wealth level but less than the equalized wealth level, a school district is entitled under rules adopted by the commissioner to additional state aid in an amount equal to the difference between the cost to the district of providing services
1-46
1 - 47
1 - 48
1 - 49
              to a student using a public education grant and the sum of the state aid received because of the allotment under Section 42.157 and money from the available school fund attributable to the
1-50
1 - 51
1 - 52
1-53
              student.
1 - 54
                               A school district is entitled to additional
                       (C)
1 - 55
              assistance under Section 42.4101 if the district agrees to:
              (1) accept a number of students using public education grants that is at least one percent of the district's average daily attendance for the preceding school year; and
1 - 56
1 - 57
1 - 58
                         (2) provide services to each student until the student voluntarily decides to attend a school in a different
1-59
1-60
              either
```

district or graduates from high school.

(d) [A-student's-public-education-grant-is-the--total--state

and--local-funding-per-student-for-the-school-district-in-which-the

student-resides ---- Total--funding--from--state--and--local--sources

1-61 1-62

1-63 1-64

C.S.H.B. No. 318

includes--special--allotments--under--Subchapter-C7-Chapter-427-but does-not-include-small-district,-sparsity,-and--cost--of--education adjustments--and--allotments--for-technology-and-transportation---A student's-public-education-grant-is-the-entitlement-of-the-student, under--the--supervision--of--the--student's--parent;--guardian;--or custodian,-is-not-an-entitlement-of-any--school--district,--and--is paid--to--a--school--district--solely--as-a-means-of-administrative convenience

[(c)] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 is entitled to accept or reject the application for district but may not use basis of a student's race, the student to attend school in that criteria that discriminate on the ethnicity, academic achievement, athletic abilities, proficiency, sex, or socioeconomic status. A school district that has more acceptable applicants for attendance under this subchapter than available positions must give priority to students at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Section 29.081 and must fill the available positions by lottery. However, to achieve continuity in education, a school district may give preference over at-risk students to enrolled students and to the siblings of enrolled students residing in the same household or other children residing in the same household students for the convenience of parents, guardians, or custodians of those children.

(e) [(d)] A school district chosen by a student's parent Section 29.201 may not charge the student tuition [in under addition-to-the-public-education-grant-or-charge--tuition--that--is greater--than--the-district's-average-expenditure-per-student---The school-district-in-which-the-student-resides--is--entitled--to--the remainder,-if-any,-of-the-student's-public-education-grant-funds].

(f) [(e)] The school district in which a student resides shall provide each student attending a school in another district under this subchapter transportation free of charge to and from the school the student would otherwise attend.

In this section:

2-1

2-2

2-3

2 - 4

2-5

2-6

2-7

2-8

2-9

2-10

2-11

2-12

2-13

2-14

2-15

2-16 2-17 2-18

2-19 2-20 2-21 2-22

2-23

2-24 2-25

2-26

2-27

2-28 2-29

2-30

2-31 2-32 2-33

2-34

2-35

2-36

2-37

2-38

2 - 39

2 - 40

2-41

2-42

2-43

2-44

2-45 2-46 2-47 2-48

2-49

2-50 2-51

2-52 2-53

2 - 54

2-55

2-56 2-57 2-58

2-59 2-60

2-61 2-62 2-63

2-64 2-65 2-66 2-67

2-68

2-69

"Equalized wealth level" has the meaning assigned (1) by Section 41.001.

"Guaranteed wealth level" (2) wealth means of state student equal to the dollar amount guaranteed level and funds per weighted student per cent of tax effort, as provided by Section 42.302, multiplied by 10,000.

"Wealth per student" has the meaning assigned (3) by Section 41.001.

SECTION 2. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 29.204 to read as follows:

Sec. 29.204. NOTIFICATION. (a) Not later than January 1 of each year the commissioner shall, based on the preceding year, provide notice to each school district in which a campus described by Section 29.202 is located that:

identifies each campus in the district that (1)

the description in Section 29.202; and

(2) informs the district that the district must comply

with Subsection (b).
(b) Not later of each than February 1 year, a school district shall notify the parent of each student in the district assigned to attend a campus described by Section 29.202 that the student is eligible for a public education grant. The notice must contain a clear, concise explanation of the public education grant program and of the manner in which the parent may obtain further

information about the program.
SECTION 3. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is

amended by adding Section 29.205 to read as follows:

Sec. 29.205. CONTRACT AUTHORITY. The board of trustees of a school district may contract under Section 11.157 for the provision of educational services to a district student eligible to receive a public education grant under Section 29.202.

SECTION 4. Subchapter C, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.157 to read as follows:

Sec. 42.157. PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANT ALLOTMENT. Except (a) as provided by Subsection (b), for each student in average daily

C.S.H.B. No. 318

who is using a public education grant under Subchapter attendance G, Chapter 29, to attend school in a district other than the district in which the student resides, the district in which the student attends school is entitled to an annual allotment equal to the adjusted basic allotment multiplied by a weight of 0.1.

(b) The total number of allotments under this section to

which a district is entitled may not exceed the number by which the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district exceeds the number of students who reside in the district and use public education grants to attend school in another district.

SECTION 5. Subchapter H, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.4101 to read as follows:

Sec. 42.4101. ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR DISTRICTS WITH STUDENTS USING PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANTS. (a) A district is entitled to additional assistance under this section as provided by Section 29.203(c).

(b) The amount of additional assistance under this computed by subtracting the number of students residing in the district and using public education grants to attend school in another district for the year in which the assistance is granted from the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district for that year and multiplying the difference by \$266.

(c) If a district to which this section applies is entitled to the maximum amount of assistance under Section 42.406, the maximum is increased by the amount of additional assistance to which the district is entitled under this section.

SECTION 6. This Act applies beginning with the 1997-1998 school year.

SECTION 7. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

\* \* \* \* \* 3-38

3-1

3-2 3-3

3 - 4

3-5 3-6

3-7 3-8

3-9 3-10 3-11 3-12 3-13

3-14 3-15 3-16

3 - 17

3-18 3 - 19

3-20 3 - 213-22 3-23 3-24

3-25 3-26 3-27 3-28

3-29 3-30

3-31 3-32

3-33

3 - 34

3-35

3-36 3-37 Sir: **EDUCATION** , to which was referred the attached measure, We, your Committee on had the same under consideration and I am instructed to report it (date of hearing) back with the recommendation (s) that it: do pass as substituted, and be printed
(\*) the caption remained the same as original measure
(\*) the caption changed with adoption of the substitute () do pass as substituted, and be ordered not printed and is recommended for placement on the Local and Uncontested Bills Calendar. (y yes () no A fiscal note was requested. A revised fiscal note was requested. () yes () no An actuarial analysis was requested. Considered by subcommittee. () yes The measure was reported from Committee by the following vote: ABSENT PNV NAY Senator Bivins, Chairman Senator Luna, Vice-Chairman Senator Barrientos Senator Fraser Senator Galloway Senator Haywood Senator Ratliff Senator Shapleigh Senator Sibley Senator West Senator Zaffirini TOTAL VOTES **COMMITTEE ACTION** Considered in public hearing Testimony taken

Paper clip the original and one copy of this signed form to the original bill along with TWO copies of the Committee Substitute

FAVORABLY AS SUBSTITUTED SENATE COMMITTEE REPORT ON

SB

COMMUTTEE CLERK

Retain one copy of this form for Committee files

SCR

# WITNESS LIST

HB 318 SENATE COMMITTEE REPORT Education Committee

May 14, 1997 - 9:00A Against: McLamore, Mike (ATPE), Austin

Boyle, Carolyn (Self), Austin

O'Sullivan, John P. (Tx. Fedn of Teachers), Austin

Wisnoski, Joe (TEA), Austin

#### **BILL ANALYSIS**

Senate Research Center

C.S.H.B. 318
By: Cuellar (Bivins)
Education
5-17-97
Committee Report (Substituted)

#### **DIGEST**

The Public Education Grant Program allows parents of students at low-performing schools to apply for the transfers of their child to the campus or district of their choice. There are concerns that school districts may be using the reserve space within the district for tuition-based transfers by accepting children on a tuition basis rather than through the grant program. This bill alters the current eligibility requirements for participation in the program, which makes it easier for students to become eligible for the grant.

#### **PURPOSE**

As proposed, C.S.H.B. 318 sets forth provisions regarding public education grant programs.

#### **RULEMAKING AUTHORITY**

This bill does not grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, institution, or agency.

#### **SECTION BY SECTION ANALYSIS**

SECTION 1. Amends Sections 29.202 and 29.203, Education Code, as follows:

Sec. 29.202. ELIGIBILITY. Provides that a student is eligible to receive a public education grant or to attend another public school in the district in which the student resides under this subchapter if the student is assigned to a school in which 50 percent or more of the students did not perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered under Section 39.23(a) or (b) during each of the preceding three years. Sets forth certain provisions to take effect after a student has used a public education grant to attend a school in a district other than the district in which the student resides.

Sec. 29.203. FINANCING. Provides that a student who under this subchapter uses a public education grant to attend a public school in a school district other than the district in which the student resides is included in the average daily attendance of the district in which the student attends school. Deletes provisions regarding the calculation of daily attendance for students eligible under Section 25.001. Sets forth provisions regarding the allotment of public education grants for a school district. Provides that a school district is entitled to additional facilities assistance under Section 42.4101 if the school district agrees to certain conditions. Deletes provisions which qualify student public education grants as total state and local funding per student for the school district. Provides that a school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 is entitled to accept or reject the application for the student to attend school in that district but may not use certain criteria that discriminates against a student. Deletes a provision prohibiting a student's parent from being charged tuition under certain conditions. Defines "equalized wealth level," "guaranteed wealth level," and "wealth per student."

SECTION 2. Amends Chapter 29G, Education Code, by adding Section 29.204, as follows:

Sec. 29.204. NOTIFICATION. Requires the commissioner of education to provide a notice, based on the preceding year, to each school district in which a campus described by Section 29.202 is located that meets certain conditions. Requires the school district to notify

the parent of each student in the district assigned to attend a campus described by Section 29.202 that the student is eligible for a public education grant not later than February 1 of each year. Requires the notice to contain certain information.

SECTION 3. Amends Chapter 29G, Education Code, by adding Section 29.205, as follows:

Sec. 29.205. CONTRACT AUTHORITY. Authorizes the board of trustees of a school district to contract under Section 11.157 for the provision of education services to a district student eligible to receive a public education grant under Section 29.202.

SECTION 4. Amends Chapter 42C, Education Code, by adding Section 42.157, as follows:

Sec. 42.157. PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANT ALLOTMENT. Sets forth provisions regarding the public education grant allotment for certain school districts.

SECTION 5. Amends Chapter 42H, Education Code, by adding Section 42.4101, as follows:

Sec. 42.4101. ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR DISTRICTS WITH STUDENTS USING PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANTS. Sets forth provisions regarding additional assistance for districts with student using public education grants.

SECTION 6. Provides that application of this Act begins with the 1997-1998 school year.

SECTION 7. Emergency clause.

Effective date: upon passage.

# SUMMARY OF COMMITTEE CHANGES

#### SECTION 1.

Amends Section 29.202(a), Education Code, to provide that a student is eligible to attend another public school in the district in which the student resides under this subchapter if the student is assigned to attend a public school campus at which a certain percentage of students did not perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered under Section 39.023(a) or (b) during each of the preceding three years.

Amends Section 29.203(d), Education Code, to provide that a school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 is entitled to accept or reject the application from the student to attend school in that district but may not use certain criteria that discriminates against the student. Deletes a provision entitling a school district to reject the application for the student to attend school in that district only if 95 percent or more of the available positions for the grade level for which a student is applying are filled.

# SECTION 2.

Amends Section 29.204(a), to require the commissioner, based on the preceding year, to provide notice to each school district in which a campus described buy Section 29.202 is located that meets certain requirements, not later than January 1 of each year, rather that July 1 of each year. Requires a school district to notify the parent of each student in the district assigned to attend a campus described by Section 29.202 that the student is eligible for a public education grant not later than February 1 of each year, rather than July 1 of each year.

# LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

# FISCAL NOTE 75th Regular Session

May 17, 1997

To:

Honorable Teel Bivins, Chair

Committee on Education

Senate

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318, Committee Report 2nd House,

Substituted

By: Cuellar

From: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

# Biennial Net Impact to General Revenue Funds by HB318-Committee Report 2nd House, Substituted

Implementing the provisions of the bill would result in a net (NEGATIVE) impact of \$(376,248-3,762,483) to General Revenue Related Funds through the biennium ending August 31, 1999

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

#### **Fiscal Analysis**

This bill would change the Public Education Grant (PEG) Program by altering the amount of the grant. It would continue grants even when the campus from which a student comes is no longer considered low performing.

Funding is altered to be based on the funding to which the district providing services is entitled under the Foundation School Program. For each student attending school at a district outside the district of residence under the PEG program, the educating district is entitled to an allotment equal to 10% of the adjusted basic allotment. Districts that are ineligible for funding under the guaranteed yield program are given supplemental assistance which is equivalent to any excess cost experienced by the district in providing services to a student that uses a PEG. School districts that agree to accept at least one percent of their population on the basis of a PEG are entitled to additional assistance in the school facilities assistance program.

School districts would be required to notify the parents of all students assigned to campuses which meet the criteria for the PEG program that the campus qualifies and that the student is eligible for a grant. The notification must be provided by February 1 of each year. School districts are also specifically authorized to contract with other private or public entities for educational services to students eligible to receive a public education grant, although the authority already exists in Section 11.157, Education Code.

#### Methodology

Pursuant to current law, 652 campuses with 491,005 students were eligible for a PEG grant in 1995-96. Of these, 31 students actually requested and received a Public Education Grant (.006 percent). Due to natural growth in program participation and the financial incentive provided in the bill, this estimate assumes growth in the rate of student participation.

Section 29.203 stipulates that Foundation School Program formula funding amounts of the receiving (or educating) district are used to calculate the grant amount. These amounts are equivalent to the amounts which would be generated for a typical transfer student, and are therefore assumed to have no direct fiscal implications for the state.

The Senate Committee Substitute for this bill would be synonymous with current law under which a campus is considered eligible only if in each of the three preceding school years 50% or more of the students did not perform satisfactorily on a TAAS instrument.

Sections 29.203 and 42.4101 provide additional assistance under the facilities program, but only about 26% of districts receive that assistance. It appears that the amount of assistance would be about equal to that provided under current law, and therefore is expected to have no significant impact.

Section 42.157 creates the Public Education Grant Allotment. This allotment is equal to 10% of the adjusted basic allotment and would likely average about \$267 based on the current average adjusted basic allotment amount. This allotment would also tend to increase the number of weighted students used in calculating the guaranteed yield amounts.

In addition, districts which do not receive funding in the second tier guaranteed yield program would be eligible for additional funding to the extent that actual costs of services exceed the amount of benefit in the Foundation School Program. While this would increase costs to the state, it is unclear how much this calculated excess cost would be. The typical amount of extra funding available in the guaranteed yield is about \$1100 per weighted student, although the actual amount is variable, and would apply to approximately 10% of the participants.

Given the low participation in the first year, this estimate provides two scenarios with different rates of participation. The first scenario assumes 0.1% of eligible students would participate, or roughly 491 students. At this level, the additional assistance in the form of the extra allotment would cost about \$131,097 per year. In the second scenario of a participation rate of 1%, cost of the allotment would reach about \$1,310,970 each year. The effect of extra allotments in the second tier of funding is approximately 40% of the cost in the first tier. This would raise the financial impact to the state to about \$183,536 per year for 0.1% participation, and to about \$1,835,358 for 1% participation.

Both scenarios assume an annual growth in participants of 5%.

The probable fiscal implications of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

The probable fiscal implications of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

### **Five Year Impact:**

 Fiscal Year		Probable Savings/(Cost) from
		Foundation School Fund
	;	0193

1998	(\$183,536)
1999	(192,712)
2000	(202,348)
2001	(212,465)
2002	(223,089)

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from
	Foundation School Fund
1	0193
1998	(\$1,835,358)
1999	(1,927,125)
2000	(2,023,482)
2001	(2,124,656)
2002	(2,230,889)

Similar annual fiscal implications would continue as long as the provisions of the bill are in effect.

The bill would require a specific notice be sent to the parents of students assigned to low performing schools as described by section 29.202. No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source: Agencies: 701 Texas Education Agency - Administration

LBB Staff: JK, LP, UP

# LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

### FISCAL NOTE 75th Regular Session

May 14, 1997

To:

Honorable Teel Bivins, Chair

Committee on Education

Senate

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318, As

Engrossed

By: Cuellar

From: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

# Biennial Net Impact to General Revenue Funds by HB318-As Engrossed

Implementing the provisions of the bill would result in a net (negative) impact of \$(922,500-9,225,000) to General Revenue Related Funds through the biennium ending August 31, 1999

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

### **Fiscal Analysis**

The bill would significantly change both the eligibility requirements and the funding mechanism for the Public Education Grant Program (PEG).

#### Changes to Eligibility:

This bill significantly increases the number of campuses which meet eligibility criteria. The bill permits a campus to be considered eligible if in any of the last three (3) years more than 50% of the students did not perform satisfactorily on a TAAS test. Current law requires that that level of performance be met in each of the last three years. More than 2,000 campuses would have been identified based on the three most recent years of data, involving more than 1.2 million students.

Districts would be permitted to reject students seeking to attend school with a PEG only if 95% of the positions at the grade level for which a student applies are already filled. School districts would be required to notify parents of all students assigned to campuses which meet the criteria for the PEG program that the campus qualifies and the student is eligible for a grant.

### Changes to Funding Mechanism:

Section 29.203 stipulates that Foundation School Program formula funding amounts of the receiving (or educating) district are used to calculate the grant amount. These amounts are equivalent to the amounts which would be generated for a typical transfer student, and are therefore assumed to have no direct fiscal implications for the state.

Sections 29.203 and 42.4101 provide additional assistance under the facilities

program, but only about 26% of districts receive that assistance. It appears that the amount of assistance would be about equal to that provided under current law, and therefore is expected to have no significant impact.

Section 42.157 creates the Public Education Grant Allotment. This allotment is equal to 10% of the adjusted basic allotment and would likely average about \$267 based on the current average adjusted basic allotment amount. This allotment would also tend to increase the number of weighted students used in calculating the guaranteed yield amounts.

In addition, districts which do not receive funding in the second tier guaranteed yield program would be eligible for additional funding to the extent that actual costs of services exceed the amount of benefit in the Foundation School Program. While this would increase costs to the state, it is unclear how much this calculated excess cost would be. The typical amount of extra funding available in the guaranteed yield is about \$1100 per weighted student, although the actual amount is variable, and would apply to approximately 10% of the participants.

### Methodology

Pursuant to current law, 652 campuses with 491,005 students were eligible for a PEG grant in 1995-96. Of these, 31 students actually requested and received a Public Education Grant (.006 percent). Due to the significantly broader eligibility requirements in the bill, and the financial incentive provided in the bill, this estimate assumes a much higher rate of program participation.

This estimate provides two scenarios: in the first, program participation is 0.1% (roughly 1,200 participants) the second scenario estimates a participation rate of 1% (12,000 students). Scenario 1 results in a cost of \$320,000 in the first year due to the allotment, plus \$130,000 for the excess costs associated with PEG participation in higher wealth districts, for a total first year cost of about \$450,000. At a participation rate of 1% (Scenario 2), the cost of the allotment would reach about \$3,200,000 in the first year, plus \$1,300,000 pursuant to the higher wealth districts for a total first year cost of about \$4,500,000.

Both scenarios assume an annual growth in participants of 5%.

The probable fiscal implications of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

The probable fiscal implications of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

# Five Year Impact:

Fiscal Year		Probable Savings/(Cost) from Foundation School Fund 0193
1998		(\$450,000)
1999	:	(472,500)
2000		(496,125)
2001	.,	(520,931)
2002	1	(546,977)
Fiscal Year	· .	Probable Savings/(Cost) from Foundation School Fund
		0193
1998	:	(\$4,500,000)
1999	-	(4,725,000)
		(4,961,250)

	 	_		1.5			
	2001			į.			$(5,209,312)_{+}$
	2001						(3,203,312)
1							
	2002						(5 460 778).
	2002						(3,403,770)
	 		-		-,	· · · · — · · · —	

Similar annual fiscal implications would continue as long as the provisions of the bill are in effect.

As engrossed, the bill would require a specific notice to be sent to the parents of students assigned to low performing schools. The number of notices is estimated to be \$1.2 million. Estimated cost to local school districts of sending the notice as required by the bill is \$450,000 annually.

Source:

Agencies:

701 Texas Education Agency - Administration

LBB Staff: JK, LP, UP

# LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

# FISCAL NOTE 75th Regular Session

April 23, 1997

To:

Honorable Paul Sadler, Chair Committee on Public Education

House

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318, Committee Report 1st House,

Substituted

By: Cuellar

From: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

# Biennial Net Impact to General Revenue Funds by HB318-Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

Implementing the provisions of the bill would result in a net (negative) impact of \$(925,500-9,225,000) to General Revenue Related Funds through the biennium ending August 31, 1999.

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

#### Fiscal Analysis

The bill significantly changes both the eligibility requirements and the funding mechanism for the Public Education Grant Program (PEG).

Changes to Eligibility:

This bill significantly increases the number of campuses which meet eligibility criteria. The bill permits a campus to be considered eligible if in any of the last three (3) years more than 50% of the students did not perform satisfactorily on a TAAS test.

Current law requires that that level of performance be met in each of the last three years. More than 2,000 campuses would have been identified based on the three most recent years of data, involving more than 1.2 million students.

# Changes to Funding Mechanism:

Section 29.203 stipulates that Foundation School Program formula funding amounts of the receiving (or educating) district are used to calculate the grant amount. These amounts are equivalent to the amounts which would be generated for a typical transfer student, and are therefore assumed to have no direct fiscal implications for the state.

Sections 29.203 and 42.4101 provide additional assistance under the facilities program, but only about 26% of districts receive that assistance. It appears that the amount of assistance would be about equal to that provided under current law, and therefore is expected to have no significant impact.

Section 42.157 creates the Public Education Grant Allotment. This allotment is equal to 10% of the adjusted basic allotment and would likely average about \$267 based on the current average adjusted basic allotment amount. This allotment would also tend to increase the number of weighted students used in calculating the guaranteed yield amounts.

In addition, districts which do not receive funding in the second tier guaranteed yield program would be eligible for additional funding to the extent that actual costs of services exceed the amount of benefit in the Foundation School Program. While this would increase costs to the state, it is unclear how much this calculated excess cost would be. The typical amount of extra funding available in the guaranteed yield is about \$1100 per weighted student, although the actual amount is variable, and would apply to approximately 10% of the participants.

#### Methodology

Pursuant to current law, 652 campuses with 491,005 students were eligible for a PEG grant in 1995-96. Of these, 31 students actually requested and received a Public Education Grant (.006 percent). Due to the significantly broader eligibility requirements in the bill, and the financial incentive provided in the bill, this estimate assumes a much higher rate of program participation.

This estimate provides two scenarios: in the first, program participation is 0.1% (roughly 1,200 participants) the second scenario estimates a participation rate of 1% (12,000 students). Scenario 1 results in a cost of \$320,000 in the first year due to the allotment, plus \$130,000 for the excess costs associated with PEG participation in higher wealth districts, for a total first year cost of about \$450,000. At a participation

rate of 1% (Scenario 2), the cost of the allotment would reach about \$3,200,000 in the first year, plus \$1,300,000 pursuant to the higher wealth districts for a total first year cost of about \$4,500,000.

Both scenarios assume an annual growth in participants of 5%.

The probable fiscal implications of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

# Five Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from Foundation School Fund 0193
1998	(\$450,000)
1999	(472,500)
2000	(496,125)
2001	(520,931)
2002	(546,977)

Fiscal Year		Probable Savings/(Cost) from
		Foundation School Fund
:		0193
1	1998	(\$4,500,000)
	1999	(4,725,000)
	2000	(4,961,250)
-	2001	(5,209,312)
	2002	(5,469,778)

Similar annual fiscal implications would continue as long as the provisions of the bill are in effect.

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source:

Agencies: 701 Texas Education Agency - Administration

LBB Staff: JK, DH, UP

# LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

# **FISCAL NOTE** 75th Regular Session

March 31, 1997

To:

Honorable Paul Sadler, Chair

Committee on Public Education

House

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318

By: Cuellar

From: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

# Biennial Net Impact to General Revenue Funds by HB318-As Introduced

No fiscal implication to the state is anticipated.

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source:

Agencies: 701 Texas Education Agency - Administration

304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: JK, DH, UP, DD

#### LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

# **Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement**

May 14, 1997

TO:

Honorable Teel Bivins, Chair

Committee on Education

Senate

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318, As

Engrossed

By: Cuellar

FROM: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

No impact on equalized funding requirements and policies affecting public education is anticipated from any of the provisions of this bill.

# LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

# Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement

April 23, 1997

TO:

Honorable Paul Sadler, Chair Committee on Public Education

House

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318, Committee Report 1st House,

Substituted

By: Cuellar

FROM: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

No impact on equalized funding requirements and policies affecting public education is anticipated from any of the provisions of this bill.

#### LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

### **Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement**

March 31, 1997

TO: Honorable Paul Sadler, Chair

Committee on Public Education

House

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318

By: Cuellar

FROM: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

No impact on equalized funding requirements and policies affecting public education is anticipated from any of the provisions of this bill.

# REQUEST FOR LOCAL & UNCONTESTED CALENDAR PLACEMENT

SENATOR CHRIS HARRIS, CHAIRMAN SENATE COMMITTEE ON ADMINISTRATION Notice is hereby given that HB BIS as Dubsta	tuted by: Cuellar / Bivin
was heard by the Education (Bill No.)	(Author/Sponsor)  Committee on 5/17, 1997
and reported out with the recommendation that it be p	placed on the Local and Uncontested Calendar.
	1 1-00-0

IMPORTANT: A COPY OF THIS FORM AND TEN (TO COPY OF THIS FORM AND TEN (TO COMMITTEE PRINTED VERSION) MUST BE DELIVERED TO THE ADMINISTRATION COMMITTEE OFFICE, E1.714. DEADLINES FOR SUBMITTING BILLS WILL BE ANNOUNCED ON A REGULAR BASIS.

(Clerk of the reporting committee)

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Substitute-the following for H.B. No. 318:

ADOPTED

C.S.H.B. No. 318

MAY 26 1997

Littly Ling Secretary of the Senate

#### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

#### AN ACT

relating to the public education grant program.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Sections 29.202 and 29.203, Education Code, are amended to read as follows:

Sec. 29.202. ELIGIBILITY. (a) A student is eligible to receive a public education grant or to attend another public school in the district in which the student resides under this subchapter if the student is assigned to attend a public school campus:

- (1) at which 50 percent or more of the students did not perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered under Section 39.023(a) or (b) during each of the [in the] preceding three years; or
- (2) that was, at any time in the preceding three years, identified as low-performing by the commissioner under Subchapter D, Chapter 39.
- (b) After a student has used a public education grant to attend a school in a district other than the district in which the student resides:
- (1) the student does not become ineligible for the grant if the school on which the student's initial eligibility is based no longer meets the criteria under Subsection (a); and
- (2) the student becomes ineligible for the grant if the student is assigned to attend a school that does not meet the criteria under Subsection (a).

Sec. 29.203. FINANCING. (a) A student [eligible under Section 25.001 to attend school in a school district but] who under this subchapter uses a public education grant to attend [attends] a public school in a school [another] district other than the district in which the student resides is included in the average daily attendance of the district in which the student [resides. The district in which the student] attends school [shall report the student's attendance to the

district in which the student reside				
district in which the student reside	s in accordance	with rules ado	pieu by inc	

- (b) A school district is entitled to the allotment provided by Section 42.157 for each eligible student using a public education grant. If the district has a wealth per student greater than the guaranteed wealth level but less than the equalized wealth level, a school district is entitled under rules adopted by the commissioner to additional state aid in an amount equal to the difference between the cost to the district of providing services to a student using a public education grant and the sum of the state aid received because of the allotment under Section 42.157 and money from the available school fund attributable to the student.
- (c) A school district is entitled to additional facilities assistance under Section 42.4101 if the district agrees to:
- (1) accept a number of students using public education grants that is at least one percent of the district's average daily attendance for the preceding school year; and
- (2) provide services to each student until the student either voluntarily decides to attend a school in a different district or graduates from high school.
- (d) [A student's public education grant is the total state and local funding per student for the school district in which the student resides. Total funding from state and local sources includes special allotments under Subchapter C, Chapter 42, but does not include small district, sparsity, and cost of education adjustments and allotments for technology and transportation. A student's public education grant is the entitlement of the student, under the supervision of the student's parent, guardian, or custodian, is not an entitlement of any school district, and is paid to a school district solely as a means of administrative convenience:
- [(c)] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 is entitled to accept or reject the application for the student to attend school in that district but may not use criteria that discriminate on the basis of a student's race, ethnicity, academic achievement, athletic abilities, language proficiency, sex, or socioeconomic status. A school district that has more acceptable applicants for attendance under this subchapter than available positions must give priority to students at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Section 29.081 and must fill the available positions by lottery. However, to achieve continuity in education, a school district may give preference over at-risk students to enrolled students and to the siblings of enrolled students residing in the same household or other children residing in the same household

1	as enrolled students for the convenience of parents, guardians, or custodians of those children.
2	(e) [(d)] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 may not
3	charge the student tuition [in addition to the public education grant or charge tuition that is
4	greater than the district's average expenditure per student. The school district in which the
5	student resides is entitled to the remainder, if any, of the student's public education grant funds].
6	(f) [(e)] The school district in which a student resides shall provide each student
7	attending a school in another district under this subchapter transportation free of charge to and
8	from the school the student would otherwise attend.
9	(g) In this section:
10	(1) "Equalized wealth level" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
11	(2) "Guaranteed wealth level" means a wealth per student equal to the dollar
12	amount guaranteed level of state and local funds per weighted student per cent of tax effort, as
13	provided by Section 42.302, multiplied by 10,000.
14	(3) "Wealth per student" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
15	SECTION 2. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section
16	29.204 to read as follows:
17	Sec. 29.204. NOTIFICATION. (a) Not later than January 1 of each year the
18	commissioner shall, based on the preceding year, provide notice to each school district in which
19	a campus described by Section 29.202 is located that:
20	(1) identifies each campus in the district that meets the description in Section
21	29.202; and
22	(2) informs the district that the district must comply with Subsection (b).
23	(b) Not later than February 1 of each year, a school district shall notify the parent of each
24	student in the district assigned to attend a campus described by Section 29.202 that the student
25	is eligible for a public education grant. The notice must contain a clear, concise explanation of
26	the public education grant program and of the manner in which the parent may obtain further
27	information about the program.
28	SECTION 3. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section
29	29.205 to read as follows:
30	Sec. 29.205. CONTRACT AUTHORITY. The board of trustees of a school district may

	·
1	contract under Section 11.157 for the provision of educational services to a district studen
2	eligible to receive a public education grant under Section 29.202.
3	SECTION 4. Subchapter C, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section
4	42.157 to read as follows:
5	Sec. 42.157. PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANT ALLOTMENT. (a) Except as provided
6	by Subsection (b), for each student in average daily attendance who is using a public education
7	grant under Subchapter G, Chapter 29, to attend school in a district other than the district in
8	which the student resides, the district in which the student attends school is entitled to an annual
9	allotment equal to the adjusted basic allotment multiplied by a weight of 0.1.
10	(b) The total number of allotments under this section to which a district is entitled may
11	not exceed the number by which the number of students using public education grants to attend
12	school in the district exceeds the number of students who reside in the district and use public
13	education grants to attend school in another district.
14	SECTION 5. Subchapter H, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section
15	42.4101 to read as follows:
16	Sec. 42.4101. ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR DISTRICTS WITH STUDENTS
17	USING PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANTS. (a) A district is entitled to additional assistance
18	under this section as provided by Section 29.203(c).
19	(b) The amount of additional assistance under this section is computed by subtracting
20	the number of students residing in the district and using public education grants to attend school
21	in another district for the year in which the assistance is granted from the number of students
22	using public education grants to attend school in the district for that year and multiplying the
23	difference by \$266.
24	(c) If a district to which this section applies is entitled to the maximum amount of
25	assistance under Section 42.406, the maximum is increased by the amount of additional
26	assistance to which the district is entitled under this section.
27	SECTION 6. This Act applies beginning with the 1997-1998 school year.
28	SECTION 7. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the
29	calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the
30	constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended,
	CSHB318-05/17/97 4

- and this rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act take effect and be in force from and after its
- 2 passage, and it is so enacted.

## **SENATE AMENDMENTS**

## 2<sup>nd</sup> Printing

By Cuellar, et al.

H.B. No. 318

#### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2	relating to the public education grant program.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. Sections 29.202 and 29.203, Education Code, are
5	amended to read as follows:
6	Sec. 29.202. ELIGIBILITY. (a) A student is eligible to
7	receive a public education grant under this subchapter if the
8	student is assigned to attend a public school campus:
9	(1) at which 50 percent or more of the students did
10	not perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered
11	under Section 39.023(a) or (b) at any time in the preceding three
12	years; or
13	(2) that was, at any time in the preceding three
14	years, identified as low-performing by the commissioner under
15	Subchapter D, Chapter 39.
16	(b) After a student has used a public education grant to
17	attend a school in a district other than the district in which the
18	student resides:
19	(1) the student does not become ineligible for the
20	grant if the school on which the student's initial eligibility is
21	based no longer meets the criteria under Subsection (a); and
22	(2) the student becomes ineligible for the grant if
23	the student is assigned to attend a school that does not meet the

criteria under Subsection (a).

Section--25:00i--to--attend--school--in-a-school-district-but] who under this subchapter uses a public education grant to attend [attends] a public school in a school [another] district other than the district in which the student resides is included in the average daily attendance of the district in which the student [resides:--The-district-in-which-the-student] attends school [shall report-the-student's--attendance--to--the--district--in-which--the student---resides---in---accordance---with--rules--adopted--by--the commissioner].

- (b) A school district is entitled to the allotment provided by Section 42.157 for each eligible student using a public education grant. If the district has a wealth per student greater than the guaranteed wealth level but less than the equalized wealth level, a school district is entitled under rules adopted by the commissioner to additional state aid in an amount equal to the difference between the cost to the district of providing services to a student using a public education grant and the sum of the state aid received because of the allotment under Section 42.157 and money from the available school fund attributable to the student.
- (c) A school district is entitled to additional facilities assistance under Section 42.4101 if the district agrees to:
- (1) accept a number of students using public education grants that is at least one percent of the district's average daily attendance for the preceding school year; and
  - (2) provide services to each student until the student

either voluntarily decides to attend a school in a different district or graduates from high school.

(d) [A--student's--public-education-grant-is-the-total-state and-local-funding-per-student-for-the-school-district-in-which--the student--resides.---Total--funding--from--state--and--local-sources includes-special-allotments-under-Subchapter--C7--Chapter--427--but does--not--include--small-district7-sparsity7-and-cost-of-education adjustments-and-allotments-for-technology--and--transportation.---A student's-public-education-grant-is-the-entitlement-of-the-student7 under--the--supervision--of--the--student's--parent7--guardian7--or custodian7--is--not--an--entitlement-of-any-school-district7-and-is paid-to-a-school-district--solely--as--a--means--of--administrative convenience.

[fet] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 is entitled to [accept-or] reject the application for the student to attend school in that district only if 95 percent or more of the available positions for the grade level for which the student is applying are filled. The district [but] may not use criteria that discriminate on the basis of a student's race, ethnicity, academic achievement, athletic abilities, language proficiency, sex, or socioeconomic status. A school district that has more acceptable applicants for attendance under this subchapter than available positions must give priority to students at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Section 29.081 and must fill the available positions by lottery. However, to achieve continuity in education, a school district may give preference over at-risk students to enrolled students and to the siblings of enrolled

students residing in the same household or other children residing in the same household as enrolled students for the convenience of parents, guardians, or custodians of those children.

- (e) [(d)] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 may not charge the student tuition [in addition-to-the-public-education-grant-or-charge--tuition--that--is greater--than--the-district's-average-expenditure-per-student:--The school-district-in-which-the-student-resides--is--entitled--to--the remainder;-if-any;-of-the-student's-public-education-grant-funds].
- (f) [tet] The school district in which a student resides shall provide each student attending a school in another district under this subchapter transportation free of charge to and from the school the student would otherwise attend.

#### (g) In this section:

- (1) "Equalized wealth level" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
- (2) "Guaranteed wealth level" means a wealth per student equal to the dollar amount guaranteed level of state and local funds per weighted student per cent of tax effort, as provided by Section 42.302, multiplied by 10,000.
- (3) "Wealth per student" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
- SECTION 2. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 29.204 to read as follows:
- Sec. 29.204. NOTIFICATION. (a) Not later than July 1 of each year, the commissioner shall provide a notice to each school district in which a campus described by Section 29.202 is located

- (1) identifies each campus in the district that meets the description in Section 29.202; and
- (2) informs the district that the district must comply with Subsection (b).
- (b) Not later than July 15 of each year, a school district shall notify the parent of each student in the district assigned to attend a campus described by Section 29.202 that the student is eligible for a public education grant. The notice must contain a clear, concise explanation of the public education grant program and of the manner in which the parent may obtain further information about the program.
- SECTION 3. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 29.205 to read as follows:
- Sec. 29.205. CONTRACT AUTHORITY. The board of trustees of a school district may contract under Section 11.157 for the provision of educational services to a district student eligible to receive a public education grant under Section 29.202.
- SECTION 4. Subchapter C, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.157 to read as follows:
- Sec. 42.157. PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANT ALLOTMENT. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), for each student in average daily attendance who is using a public education grant under Subchapter G, Chapter 29, to attend school in a district other than the district in which the student resides, the district in which the student attends school is entitled to an annual allotment equal to the adjusted basic allotment multiplied by a weight of 0.1.

(b) The total number of allotments under this section t
which a district is entitled may not exceed the number by which th
number of students using public education grants to attend school
in the district exceeds the number of students who reside in th
district and use public education grants to attend school i
another district.

- SECTION 5. Subchapter H, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.4101 to read as follows:
- Sec. 42.4101. ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR DISTRICTS WITH STUDENTS USING PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANTS. (a) A district is entitled to additional assistance under this section as provided by Section 29.203(c).
- (b) The amount of additional assistance under this section is computed by subtracting the number of students residing in the district and using public education grants to attend school in another district for the year in which the assistance is granted from the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district for that year and multiplying the difference by \$266.
- (c) If a district to which this section applies is entitled to the maximum amount of assistance under Section 42.406, the maximum is increased by the amount of additional assistance to which the district is entitled under this section.
- SECTION 6. This Act applies beginning with the 1997-1998 school year.
- SECTION 7. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an

H.B. No. 318

emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Substitute the following for H.B. No. 318:

By: Dun

## ADOPTED

C.S.H.B. No. 318

MAY 26 1997

Lette Ling Secretary of the Senate

#### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

A	N	Α.	$\sim$	_
А	N.	A		ı

relating to the public education grant program.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Sections 29.202 and 29.203, Education Code, are amended to read as follows:

Sec. 29.202. ELIGIBILITY. (a) A student is eligible to receive a public education grant or to attend another public school in the district in which the student resides under this subchapter if the student is assigned to attend a public school campus:

- (1) at which 50 percent or more of the students did not perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered under Section 39.023(a) or (b) <u>during each of the [in the]</u> preceding three years; or
- (2) that was, at any time in the preceding three years, identified as low-performing by the commissioner under Subchapter D, Chapter 39.
- (b) After a student has used a public education grant to attend a school in a district other than the district in which the student resides:
- (1) the student does not become ineligible for the grant if the school on which the student's initial eligibility is based no longer meets the criteria under Subsection (a); and
- (2) the student becomes ineligible for the grant if the student is assigned to attend a school that does not meet the criteria under Subsection (a).

Sec. 29.203. FINANCING. (a) A student [eligible under Section 25.001 to attend school in a school district but] who under this subchapter uses a public education grant to attend [attends] a public school in a school [another] district other than the district in which the student resides is included in the average daily attendance of the district in which the student [resides. The district in which the student] attends school [shall report the student's attendance to the

district in which the student resides in accordance with rules adopted by the commissioner].

(b) A school district is entitled to the allotment provided by Section 42.157 for each eligible student using a public education grant. If the district has a wealth per student greater than the guaranteed wealth level but less than the equalized wealth level, a school district is entitled under rules adopted by the commissioner to additional state aid in an amount equal to the difference between the cost to the district of providing services to a student using a public education grant and the sum of the state aid received because of the allotment under Section

(c) A school district is entitled to additional facilities assistance under Section 42.4101

(1) accept a number of students using public education grants that is at least one percent of the district's average daily attendance for the preceding school year; and

(2) provide services to each student until the student either voluntarily decides to

(d) [A student's public education grant is the total state and local funding per student for the school district in which the student resides. Total funding from state and local sources includes special allotments under Subchapter C, Chapter 42, but does not include small district, sparsity, and cost of education adjustments and allotments for technology and transportation. A student's public education grant is the entitlement of the student, under the supervision of the student's parent, guardian, or custodian, is not an entitlement of any school district, and is paid

accept or reject the application for the student to attend school in that district but may not use criteria that discriminate on the basis of a student's race, ethnicity, academic achievement, athletic abilities, language proficiency, sex, or socioeconomic status. A school district that has more acceptable applicants for attendance under this subchapter than available positions must give priority to students at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Section 29.081 and must fill the available positions by lottery. However, to achieve continuity in education, a school district may give preference over at-risk students to enrolled students and to the siblings of enrolled students residing in the same household or other children residing in the same household

1	as enrolled students for the convenience of parents, guardians, or custodians of those children.
2	(e) [(d)] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 may not
3	charge the student tuition [in addition to the public education grant or charge tuition that is
4	greater than the district's average expenditure per student. The school district in which the
5	student resides is entitled to the remainder, if any, of the student's public education grant funds].
6	(f) [(e)] The school district in which a student resides shall provide each student
7	attending a school in another district under this subchapter transportation free of charge to and
8	from the school the student would otherwise attend.
9	(g) In this section:
10	(1) "Equalized wealth level" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
11	(2) "Guaranteed wealth level" means a wealth per student equal to the dollar
12	amount guaranteed level of state and local funds per weighted student per cent of tax effort, as
13	provided by Section 42.302, multiplied by 10,000.
14	(3) "Wealth per student" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
15	SECTION 2. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section
16	29.204 to read as follows:
17	Sec. 29.204. NOTIFICATION. (a) Not later than January 1 of each year the
18	commissioner shall, based on the preceding year, provide notice to each school district in which
19	a campus described by Section 29.202 is located that:
20	(1) identifies each campus in the district that meets the description in Section
21	29.202; and
22	(2) informs the district that the district must comply with Subsection (b).
23	(b) Not later than February 1 of each year, a school district shall notify the parent of each
24	student in the district assigned to attend a campus described by Section 29,202 that the student
25	is eligible for a public education grant. The notice must contain a clear, concise explanation of
26	the public education grant program and of the manner in which the parent may obtain further
27	information about the program.
28	SECTION 3. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section
29	29.205 to read as follows:
30	Sec. 29.205. CONTRACT AUTHORITY. The board of trustees of a school district may
	CSHR318-05/17/97

1	contract under Section 11.157 for the provision of educational services to a district student
2	eligible to receive a public education grant under Section 29.202.
3	SECTION 4. Subchapter C, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section
4	42.157 to read as follows:
5	Sec. 42.157. PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANT ALLOTMENT. (a) Except as provided
6	by Subsection (b), for each student in average daily attendance who is using a public education
7	grant under Subchapter G, Chapter 29, to attend school in a district other than the district in
	which the student resides, the district in which the student attends school is entitled to an annual
8	
9	allotment equal to the adjusted basic allotment multiplied by a weight of 0.1.
10	(b) The total number of allotments under this section to which a district is entitled may
11	not exceed the number by which the number of students using public education grants to attend
12	school in the district exceeds the number of students who reside in the district and use public
13	education grants to attend school in another district.
14	SECTION 5. Subchapter H, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section
15	42.4101 to read as follows:
16	Sec. 42.4101. ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR DISTRICTS WITH STUDENTS
17	USING PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANTS. (a) A district is entitled to additional assistance
18	under this section as provided by Section 29.203(c).
19	(b) The amount of additional assistance under this section is computed by subtracting
20	the number of students residing in the district and using public education grants to attend school
21	in another district for the year in which the assistance is granted from the number of students
22	using public education grants to attend school in the district for that year and multiplying the
23	difference by \$266.
24	(c) If a district to which this section applies is entitled to the maximum amount of
25	assistance under Section 42.406, the maximum is increased by the amount of additional
26	assistance to which the district is entitled under this section.
27	SECTION 6. This Act applies beginning with the 1997-1998 school year.
28	SECTION 7. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the
29	calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the
30	constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended,
	CSHB318-05/17/97

- and this rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act take effect and be in force from and after its
- 2 passage, and it is so enacted.

## LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

# FISCAL NOTE 75th Regular Session

May 17, 1997

To:

Honorable Teel Bivins, Chair

Committee on Education

Senate

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318,

Committee Report 2nd House,

Substituted

By: Cuellar

From: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

#### Biennial Net Impact to General Revenue Funds by HB318-Committee Report 2nd House, Substituted

Implementing the provisions of the bill would result in a net (NEGATIVE) impact of \$(376,248-3,762,483) to General Revenue Related Funds through the biennium ending August 31, 1999

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

#### **Fiscal Analysis**

This bill would change the Public Education Grant (PEG) Program by altering the amount of the grant. It would continue grants even when the campus from which a student comes is no longer considered low performing.

Funding is altered to be based on the funding to which the district providing services is entitled under the Foundation School Program. For each student attending school at a district outside the district of residence under the PEG program, the educating district is entitled to an allotment equal to 10% of the adjusted basic allotment. Districts that are ineligible for funding under the guaranteed yield program are given supplemental assistance which is equivalent to any excess cost experienced by the district in providing services to a student that uses a PEG. School districts that agree to accept at least one percent of their population on the basis of a PEG are entitled to additional assistance in the school facilities assistance program.

School districts would be required to notify the parents of all students assigned to campuses which meet the criteria for the PEG program that the campus qualifies and that the student is eligible for a grant. The notification must be provided by February 1 of each year. School districts are also specifically authorized to contract with other private or public entities for educational services to students eligible to receive a public education grant, although the authority already exists in Section 11.157, Education Code.

#### Methodology

Pursuant to current law, 652 campuses with 491,005 students were eligible for a PEG grant in 1995-96. Of these, 31 students actually requested and received a Public Education Grant (.006 percent). Due to natural growth in program participation and the financial incentive provided in the bill, this estimate assumes growth in the rate of student participation.

Section 29.203 stipulates that Foundation School Program formula funding amounts of the receiving (or educating) district are used to calculate the grant amount. These amounts are equivalent to the amounts which would be generated for a typical transfer student, and are therefore assumed to have no direct fiscal implications for the state.

The Senate Committee Substitute for this bill would be synonymous with current law under which a campus is considered eligible only if in each of the three preceding school years 50% or more of the students did not perform satisfactorily on a TAAS instrument.

Sections 29.203 and 42.4101 provide additional assistance under the facilities program, but only about 26% of districts receive that assistance. It appears that the amount of assistance would be about equal to that provided under current law, and therefore is expected to have no significant impact.

Section 42.157 creates the Public Education Grant Allotment. This allotment is equal to 10% of the adjusted basic allotment and would likely average about \$267 based on the current average adjusted basic allotment amount. This allotment would also tend to increase the number of weighted students used in calculating the guaranteed yield amounts.

In addition, districts which do not receive funding in the second tier guaranteed yield program would be eligible for additional funding to the extent that actual costs of services exceed the amount of benefit in the Foundation School Program. While this would increase costs to the state, it is unclear how much this calculated excess cost would be. The typical amount of extra funding available in the guaranteed yield is about \$1100 per weighted student, although the actual amount is variable, and would apply to approximately 10% of the participants.

Given the low participation in the first year, this estimate provides two scenarios with different rates of participation. The first scenario assumes 0.1% of eligible students would participate, or roughly 491 students. At this level, the additional assistance in the form of the extra allotment would cost about \$131,097 per year. In the second scenario of a participation rate of 1%, cost of the allotment would reach about \$1,310,970 each year. The effect of extra allotments in the second tier of funding is approximately 40% of the cost in the first tier. This would raise the financial impact to the state to about \$183,536 per year for 0.1% participation, and to about \$1,835,358 for 1% participation.

Both scenarios assume an annual growth in participants of 5%.

The probable fiscal implications of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

The probable fiscal implications of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

#### Five Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from
	Foundation School Fund
	0193

1998	(\$183,536)
1999	(192,712)
2000	(202,348)
2001	(212,465)
2002	(223,089)

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from Foundation School Fund 0193
1998	(\$1,835,358)
1999	(1,927,125)
2000	(2,023,482)
2001	(2,124,656)
2002	(2,230,889)

Similar annual fiscal implications would continue as long as the provisions of the bill are in effect.

The bill would require a specific notice be sent to the parents of students assigned to low performing schools as described by section 29.202. No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source:

Agencies: 701 Texas Education Agency - Administration

LBB Staff: JK, LP, UP

# LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

## FISCAL NOTE 75th Regular Session

May 14, 1997

To:

Honorable Teel Bivins, Chair

Committee on Education

Senate

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318, As

Engrossed

By: Cuellar

From: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

## Biennial Net Impact to General Revenue Funds by HB318-As Engrossed

Implementing the provisions of the bill would result in a net (negative) impact of \$(922,500-9,225,000) to General Revenue Related Funds through the biennium ending August 31, 1999

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

#### Fiscal Analysis

The bill would significantly change both the eligibility requirements and the funding mechanism for the Public Education Grant Program (PEG).

#### Changes to Eligibility:

This bill significantly increases the number of campuses which meet eligibility criteria. The bill permits a campus to be considered eligible if in any of the last three (3) years more than 50% of the students did not perform satisfactorily on a TAAS test. Current law requires that that level of performance be met in each of the last three years. More than 2,000 campuses would have been identified based on the three most recent years of data, involving more than 1.2 million students.

Districts would be permitted to reject students seeking to attend school with a PEG only if 95% of the positions at the grade level for which a student applies are already filled. School districts would be required to notify parents of all students assigned to campuses which meet the criteria for the PEG program that the campus qualifies and the student is eligible for a grant.

#### Changes to Funding Mechanism:

Section 29.203 stipulates that Foundation School Program formula funding amounts of the receiving (or educating) district are used to calculate the grant amount. These amounts are equivalent to the amounts which would be generated for a typical transfer student, and are therefore assumed to have no direct fiscal implications for the state.

Sections 29.203 and 42.4101 provide additional assistance under the facilities

program, but only about 26% of districts receive that assistance. It appears that the amount of assistance would be about equal to that provided under current law, and therefore is expected to have no significant impact.

Section 42.157 creates the Public Education Grant Allotment. This allotment is equal to 10% of the adjusted basic allotment and would likely average about \$267 based on the current average adjusted basic allotment amount. This allotment would also tend to increase the number of weighted students used in calculating the guaranteed yield amounts.

In addition, districts which do not receive funding in the second tier guaranteed yield program would be eligible for additional funding to the extent that actual costs of services exceed the amount of benefit in the Foundation School Program. While this would increase costs to the state, it is unclear how much this calculated excess cost would be. The typical amount of extra funding available in the guaranteed yield is about \$1100 per weighted student, although the actual amount is variable, and would apply to approximately 10% of the participants.

#### Methodology

Pursuant to current law, 652 campuses with 491,005 students were eligible for a PEG grant in 1995-96. Of these, 31 students actually requested and received a Public Education Grant (.006 percent). Due to the significantly broader eligibility requirements in the bill, and the financial incentive provided in the bill, this estimate assumes a much higher rate of program participation.

This estimate provides two scenarios: in the first, program participation is 0.1% (roughly 1,200 participants) the second scenario estimates a participation rate of 1% (12,000 students). Scenario 1 results in a cost of \$320,000 in the first year due to the allotment, plus \$130,000 for the excess costs associated with PEG participation in higher wealth districts, for a total first year cost of about \$450,000. At a participation rate of 1% (Scenario 2), the cost of the allotment would reach about \$3,200,000 in the first year, plus \$1,300,000 pursuant to the higher wealth districts for a total first year cost of about \$4,500,000.

Both scenarios assume an annual growth in participants of 5%.

The probable fiscal implications of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

The probable fiscal implications of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

#### **Five Year Impact:**

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from Foundation School Fund 0193
1998	(\$450,000)
1999	(472,500)
2000	(496,125)
2001	(520,931)
2002	(546,977)

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from
	Foundation School Fund
	0193
1998	(\$4,500,000)
1999	(4,725,000)
2000	(4,961,250)

2001	(5,209,312)
2002	(5,469,778)

Similar annual fiscal implications would continue as long as the provisions of the bill are in effect.

As engrossed, the bill would require a specific notice to be sent to the parents of students assigned to low performing schools. The number of notices is estimated to be \$1.2 million. Estimated cost to local school districts of sending the notice as required by the bill is \$450,000 annually.

Source:

Agencies:

701 Texas Education Agency - Administration

LBB Staff: JK, LP, UP

# LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

# FISCAL NOTE 75th Regular Session

April 23, 1997

To:

Honorable Paul Sadler, Chair Committee on Public Education

House

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318, Committee Report 1st House,

Substituted

By: Cuellar

From: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

## Biennial Net Impact to General Revenue Funds by HB318-Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

Implementing the provisions of the bill would result in a net (negative) impact of \$(925,500-9,225,000) to General Revenue Related Funds through the biennium ending August 31, 1999.

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

#### **Fiscal Analysis**

The bill significantly changes both the eligibility requirements and the funding mechanism for the Public Education Grant Program (PEG).

Changes to Eligibility:

This bill significantly increases the number of campuses which meet eligibility criteria. The bill permits a campus to be considered eligible if in any of the last three (3) years more than 50% of the students did not perform satisfactorily on a TAAS test.

Current law requires that that level of performance be met in each of the last three years. More than 2,000 campuses would have been identified based on the three most recent years of data, involving more than 1.2 million students.

#### Changes to Funding Mechanism:

Section 29.203 stipulates that Foundation School Program formula funding amounts of the receiving (or educating) district are used to calculate the grant amount. These amounts are equivalent to the amounts which would be generated for a typical transfer student, and are therefore assumed to have no direct fiscal implications for the state.

Sections 29.203 and 42.4101 provide additional assistance under the facilities program, but only about 26% of districts receive that assistance. It appears that the amount of assistance would be about equal to that provided under current law, and therefore is expected to have no significant impact.

Section 42.157 creates the Public Education Grant Allotment. This allotment is equal to 10% of the adjusted basic allotment and would likely average about \$267 based on the current average adjusted basic allotment amount. This allotment would also tend to increase the number of weighted students used in calculating the guaranteed yield amounts.

In addition, districts which do not receive funding in the second tier guaranteed yield program would be eligible for additional funding to the extent that actual costs of services exceed the amount of benefit in the Foundation School Program. While this would increase costs to the state, it is unclear how much this calculated excess cost would be. The typical amount of extra funding available in the guaranteed yield is about \$1100 per weighted student, although the actual amount is variable, and would apply to approximately 10% of the participants.

#### Methodology

Pursuant to current law, 652 campuses with 491,005 students were eligible for a PEG grant in 1995-96. Of these, 31 students actually requested and received a Public Education Grant (.006 percent). Due to the significantly broader eligibility requirements in the bill, and the financial incentive provided in the bill, this estimate assumes a much higher rate of program participation.

This estimate provides two scenarios: in the first, program participation is 0.1% (roughly 1,200 participants) the second scenario estimates a participation rate of 1% (12,000 students). Scenario 1 results in a cost of \$320,000 in the first year due to the allotment, plus \$130,000 for the excess costs associated with PEG participation in higher wealth districts, for a total first year cost of about \$450,000. At a participation



rate of 1% (Scenario 2), the cost of the allotment would reach about \$3,200,000 in the first year, plus \$1,300,000 pursuant to the higher wealth districts for a total first year cost of about \$4,500,000.

Both scenarios assume an annual growth in participants of 5%.

The probable fiscal implications of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

#### Five Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from Foundation School Fund 0193				
1998	(\$450,000)				
1999	(472,500)				
2000	(496,125)				
2001	(520,931)				
2002	(546,977)				

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from Foundation School Fund 0193				
1998	(\$4,500,000)				
1999	(4,725,000)				
2000	(4,961,250)				
2001	(5,209,312)				
2002	(5,469,778)				

Similar annual fiscal implications would continue as long as the provisions of the bill are in effect.

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source:

Agencies: 701 Texas Education Agency - Administration

LBB Staff: JK, DH, UP

#### LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

#### **FISCAL NOTE** 75th Regular Session

March 31, 1997

To:

Honorable Paul Sadler, Chair

Committee on Public Education

House

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318

By: Cuellar

From: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

## Biennial Net Impact to General Revenue Funds by HB318-As Introduced

No fiscal implication to the state is anticipated.

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source:

Agencies: 701 Texas Education Agency - Administration

304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: JK, DH, UP, DD



#### LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

#### **Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement**

May 14, 1997

TO:

Honorable Teel Bivins, Chair

Committee on Education

Senate

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318, As

Engrossed

By: Cuellar

FROM: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

No impact on equalized funding requirements and policies affecting public education is anticipated from any of the provisions of this bill.

#### LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

#### **Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement**

#### April 23, 1997

TO: Honorable Paul Sadler, Chair Committee on Public Education

House

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318, Committee Report 1st House,

Substituted

By: Cuellar

FROM: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

No impact on equalized funding requirements and policies affecting public education is anticipated from any of the provisions of this bill.

#### LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

#### **Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement**

March 31, 1997

TO: Honorable Paul Sadler, Chair

Committee on Public Education

House

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318

By: Cuellar

FROM: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

No impact on equalized funding requirements and policies affecting public education is anticipated from any of the provisions of this bill.

# FISCAL NOTE SENATE AMENDMENTS

HB 318

## LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

# FISCAL NOTE 75th Regular Session

May 27, 1997

To:

Honorable James E. "Pete" Laney

Speaker of the House House of Representatives

Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Bill No. 318, As

Passed 2nd House

Cuellar

From: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

## Biennial Net Impact to General Revenue Funds by HB318-As Passed 2nd House

Implementing the provisions of the bill would result in a net (NEGATIVE) impact of \$(376,248-3,762,483) to General Revenue Related Funds through the biennium ending August 31, 1999

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

#### Fiscal Analysis

This bill would change the Public Education Grant (PEG) Program by altering the amount of the grant. It would continue grants even when the campus from which a student comes is no longer considered low performing.

Funding is altered to be based on the funding to which the district providing services is entitled under the Foundation School Program. For each student attending school at a district outside the district of residence under the PEG program, the educating district is entitled to an allotment equal to 10% of the adjusted basic allotment. Districts that are ineligible for funding under the guaranteed yield program are given supplemental assistance which is equivalent to any excess cost experienced by the district in providing services to a student that uses a PEG. School districts that agree

to accept at least one percent of their population on the basis of a PEG are entitled to additional assistance in the school facilities assistance program.

School districts would be required to notify the parents of all students assigned to campuses which meet the criteria for the PEG program that the campus qualifies and that the student is eligible for a grant. The notification must be provided by February 1 of each year. School districts are also specifically authorized to contract with other private or public entities for educational services to students eligible to receive a public education grant, although the authority already exists in Section 11.157, Education Code.

#### Methodology

Pursuant to current law, 652 campuses with 491,005 students were eligible for a PEG grant in 1995-96. Of these, 31 students actually requested and received a Public Education Grant (.006 percent). Due to natural growth in program participation and the financial incentive provided in the bill, this estimate assumes growth in the rate of student participation.

Section 29.203 stipulates that Foundation School Program formula funding amounts of the receiving (or educating) district are used to calculate the grant amount. These amounts are equivalent to the amounts which would be generated for a typical transfer student, and are therefore assumed to have no direct fiscal implications for the state.

The Senate Committee Substitute for this bill would be synonymous with current law under which a campus is considered eligible only if in each of the three preceding school years 50% or more of the students did not perform satisfactorily on a TAAS instrument.

Sections 29.203 and 42.4101 provide additional assistance under the facilities program, but only about 26% of districts receive that assistance. It appears that the amount of assistance would be about equal to that provided under current law, and therefore is expected to have no significant impact.

Section 42.157 creates the Public Education Grant Allotment. This allotment is equal to 10% of the adjusted basic allotment and would likely average about \$267 based on the current average adjusted basic allotment amount. This allotment would also tend to increase the number of weighted students used in calculating the guaranteed yield amounts.

In addition, districts which do not receive funding in the second tier guaranteed yield program would be eligible for additional funding to the extent that actual costs of services exceed the amount of benefit in the Foundation School Program. While this

would increase costs to the state, it is unclear how much this calculated excess cost would be. The typical amount of extra funding available in the guaranteed yield is about \$1100 per weighted student, although the actual amount is variable, and would apply to approximately 10% of the participants.

Given the low participation in the first year, this estimate provides two scenarios with different rates of participation. The first scenario assumes 0.1% of eligible students would participate, or roughly 491 students. At this level, the additional assistance in the form of the extra allotment would cost about \$131,097 per year. In the second scenario of a participation rate of 1%, cost of the allotment would reach about \$1,310,970 each year. The effect of extra allotments in the second tier of funding is approximately 40% of the cost in the first tier. This would raise the financial impact to the state to about \$183,536 per year for 0.1% participation, and to about \$1,835,358 for 1% participation.

Both scenarios assume an annual growth in participants of 5%.

The probable fiscal implications of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

The probable fiscal implications of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

#### **Five Year Impact:**

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from Foundation School Fund 0193				
1998	(\$183,536)				
1999	(192,712)				
2000	(202,348)				
2001	(212,465)				
2002	(223,089)				

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from Foundation School Fund 0193				
1998	(\$1,835,358)				
1999	(1,927,125)				
2000	(2,023,482)				
2001	(2,124,656)				
2002	(2,230,889)				

Similar annual fiscal implications would continue as long as the provisions of the bill

are in effect.

The bill would require a specific notice be sent to the parents of students assigned to low performing schools as described by section 29.202. No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source:

Agencies: 701 Texas Education Agency - Administration

LBB Staff: JK, LP, UP

#### **CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT FORM**

Austin, Texas

	5/30/9
	Date
Honorable Bob Bullock President of the Senate  Honorable James E. "Pete" Laney Speaker of the House of Representatives  Sirs:	ADOPTED 98 yeas 42 nays MAY 3 1 1997   pnv  Sharon Carder Chief Clerk House of Representatives
5113.	
House of Representatives on HB 318	to adjust the differences between the Senate and the have had the same under the recommendation that it do pass in the form and text
<u></u>	Handler
Senator Bivins, Chairman	Representative Cuellar, Chairman
	Paul L Seller
Senator/Maywood	Representative Sadler
	Aloc Rhods_
Senator Luna	Representative Rhodes
Dice Cartiff	Mila Kunn
Senator Ratliff	Representative Krusee
On the part of the Senate	On the part of the House
Senator Sibley	Representative Hochberg

**Note to Conference Committee Clerk:** 

Please type the names of the members of the Conference Committee under the lines provided for signature. Those members desiring to sign the report should sign each of the six copies. Attach a copy of the Conference Committee Report and a Section by Section side by side comparison to each of the six reporting forms. The original and two copies are filed in house of origin of the bill, and three copies in the other house.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

H.B. No. 318

#### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2	relating to public school choice.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. Subchapter D, Chapter 12, Education Code, is
5	amended by adding Section 12.1011 to read as follows:
6	Sec. 12.1011. PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANT CHARTERS. (a) In
7	addition to the other charters authorized under this subchapter, in
8	accordance with this subchapter the State Board of Education may
9	<pre>grant:</pre>
10	(1) not more than 100 charters for open-enrollment
11	charter schools that adopt an express policy providing for the
12	admission of students eligible for a public education grant under
13	Subchapter G, Chapter 29; and
14	(2) additional charters for open-enrollment charter
15	schools for which at least 75 percent of the prospective student
16	population, as specified in the proposed charter, will be students
17	who have dropped out of school or are at risk of dropping out of
18	school as defined by Section 29.081.
19	(b) An open-enrollment charter school granted a charter
20	under this section may serve students who are not eligible for a
21	public education grant under Subchapter G, Chapter 29, but a school
22	granted a charter under Subsection (a)(2) must maintain, as a
23	condition of its charter, the required percentage of students.
24	SECTION 2. Sections 29.202 and 29.203, Education Code, are

amended	t٥	read	20	follows:
amenueu	LO	reau	as	TOTTOWS:

1.5

- Sec. 29.202. ELIGIBILITY. (a) A student is eligible to receive a public education grant or to attend another public school in the district in which the student resides under this subchapter if the student is assigned to attend a public school campus:
- (1) at which 50 percent or more of the students did not perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered under Section 39.023(a) or (b) in any two of the [in-the] preceding three years; or
- (2) that was, at any time in the preceding three years, identified as low-performing by the commissioner under Subchapter D, Chapter 39.
- (b) After a student has used a public education grant to attend a school in a district other than the district in which the student resides:
- (1) the student does not become ineligible for the grant if the school on which the student's initial eligibility is based no longer meets the criteria under Subsection (a); and
- (2) the student becomes ineligible for the grant if the student is assigned to attend a school that does not meet the criteria under Subsection (a).
- Sec. 29.203. FINANCING. (a) A student [eligible--under Section-25.001-to-attend-school-in-a-school-district-but] who under this subchapter uses a public education grant to attend [attends] a public school in a school [another] district other than the district in which the student resides is included in the average daily attendance of the district in which the student [resides.

The-district-in-which-the-student] attends school [shall--report the--student's--attendance--to--the--district--in-which-the-student resides-in-accordance-with-rules-adopted-by-the-commissioner].

- (b) A school district is entitled to the allotment provided by Section 42.157 for each eligible student using a public education grant. If the district has a wealth per student greater than the guaranteed wealth level but less than the equalized wealth level, a school district is entitled under rules adopted by the commissioner to additional state aid in an amount equal to the difference between the cost to the district of providing services to a student using a public education grant and the sum of the state aid received because of the allotment under Section 42.157 and money from the available school fund attributable to the student.
- (c) A school district is entitled to additional facilities assistance under Section 42.4101 if the district agrees to:
- (1) accept a number of students using public education grants that is at least one percent of the district's average daily attendance for the preceding school year; and
- (2) provide services to each student until the student either voluntarily decides to attend a school in a different district or graduates from high school.
- (d) [A-student's-public-education-grant-is-the--total--state and--local-funding-per-student-for-the-school-district-in-which-the student-resides:---Total--funding-from--state--and--local--sources includes---special--allotments--under-Subchapter-C7-Chapter-427-but does-not-include-small-district7-sparsity7-and--cost--of--education

adjustments—and—allotments—for—technology—and—transportation——A student s—public—education—grant—is—the—entitlement—of—the—student; under—the—supervision—of—the—student s—parent;—guardian;—or custodian;—is—not—an—entitlement—of—any—school—district;—and—is paid—to—a—school—district—solely—as—a—means—of—administrative convenience;

[(e)] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 is entitled to accept or reject the application for the student to attend school in that district but may not criteria that discriminate on the basis of a student's race, ethnicity, academic achievement, athletic abilities, proficiency, sex, or socioeconomic status. A school district that has more acceptable applicants for attendance under this subchapter than available positions must give priority to students at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Section 29.081 and must fill the available positions by lottery. However, to achieve continuity in education, a school district may give preference over at-risk students to enrolled students and to the siblings of enrolled students residing in the same household or other children residing same household as enrolled students for the convenience of parents, guardians, or custodians of those children.

(e) [(d)] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 may not charge the student tuition [in addition-to-the-public-education-grant-or-charge-tuition-that-is greater-than-the-district's-average-expenditure-per-student.—The school-district-in-which-the-student-resides-is-entitled-to-the remainder,-if-any,-of-the-student's-public-education-grant-funds].

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1		<u>(f)</u>	[ <del>(e )</del> ]	The	school	distric	t in	which	a stude	ent resides
2	shall	prov	ide ea	ch st	ident at	tending	a school	ol in	anothe	r district
3	under	this	subch	apter	transpo	rtation	free of	char	ge to a	nd from the
4	school	the	stude	nt wo	ıld othe	rwise at	tend.			
5		<u>(g)</u>	In th	is se	ction:					

- (1) "Equalized wealth level" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
- (2) "Guaranteed wealth level" means a wealth per student equal to the dollar amount guaranteed level of state and local funds per weighted student per cent of tax effort, as provided by Section 42.302, multiplied by 10,000.
- (3) "Wealth per student" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
- SECTION 3. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 29.204 to read as follows:
- Sec. 29.204. NOTIFICATION. (a) Not later than January 1 of each year the commissioner shall, based on the most recent information available, provide notice to each school district in which a campus described by Section 29.202 is located that:
- (1) identifies each campus in the district that meets the description in Section 29.202; and
- (2) informs the district that the district must comply with Subsection (b).
- (b) Not later than February 1 of each year, a school district shall notify the parent of each student in the district assigned to attend a campus described by Section 29.202 that the student is eligible for a public education grant. The notice must

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1	contain	a cle	ar,	conci	se exp	lana	ation o	of th	he publ:	ic e	ducation	ı grant
2	program	and	of	the	manner	in	which	the	parent	may	obtain	further
3	informat	ion a	bout	the	progra	m.						

SECTION 4. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 29.205 to read as follows:

Sec. 29.205. CONTRACT AUTHORITY. The board of trustees of a school district may contract under Section 11.157 for the provision of educational services to a district student eligible to receive a public education grant under Section 29.202.

SECTION 5. Subchapter C, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.157 to read as follows:

Sec. 42.157. PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANT ALLOTMENT. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), for each student in average daily attendance who is using a public education grant under Subchapter G, Chapter 29, to attend school in a district other than the district in which the student resides, the district in which the student attends school is entitled to an annual allotment equal to the adjusted basic allotment multiplied by a weight of 0.1.

(b) The total number of allotments under this section to which a district is entitled may not exceed the number by which the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district exceeds the number of students who reside in the district and use public education grants to attend school in another district.

SECTION 6. Subchapter H, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.4101 to read as follows:

Sec. 42.4101. ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR DISTRICTS WITH

STUDENTS USING PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANTS. (a) A district is entitled to additional assistance under this section as provided by Section 29.203(c).

- (b) The amount of additional assistance under this section is computed by subtracting the number of students residing in the district and using public education grants to attend school in another district for the year in which the assistance is granted from the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district for that year and multiplying the difference by \$266.
- (c) If a district to which this section applies is entitled to the maximum amount of assistance under Section 42.406, the maximum is increased by the amount of additional assistance to which the district is entitled under this section.
- SECTION 7. This Act applies beginning with the 1997-1998 school year.

SECTION 8. The importance of this legislation and crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act take effect and be in force from and passage, and it is so enacted.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

Conference Committee Report Section-by-Section Analysis May 30, 1997

#### **HOUSE VERSION**

#### SENATE VERSION

#### **CONFERENCE**

No equivalent provision.

No equivalent provision.

SECTION 1. Amends Chapter 12, Education Code, by adding Section 12.1011 to allow the State Board of Education to grant up to 100 charters for open-enrollment charter schools that adopt express policies for admitting students eligible to receive public education grants and additional charters for open-enrollment charter schools whose prospective student bodies will include a certain percentage of dropouts and at-risk students.

SECTION 1. Amends Sections 29.202 and 29.203, Education Code, as follows:

SECTION 1. Similar to House version with the following exceptions.

SECTION 2. Similar to Senate version with the following exception.

Sec. 29.202. ELIGIBILITY. (a) Provides that a student is eligible for a public education grant if the student is assigned to a school in which 50 percent or more of the students did not perform satisfactorily on the TAAS test or exit-level test at any time in the preceding three years or that the commissioner identified as low performing at any time in the three years.

- (a) Provides that a student is eligible to receive a grant or to attend another public school in the student's home district if the student is assigned to a low performing school. Designation as a low performing school on the basis of test scores requires that 50 percent or more of the school's students did not perform satisfactorily on the tests during each of the preceding three years.
- (a) Same as Senate version except that criterion for designation as a low performing school on the basis of statewide test scores requires that 50 percent or more of the students did not perform satisfactorily on those tests during any two of the preceding three years.

- (b) Provides that a student using a grant to attend school outside the student's home district (1) remains eligible for the grant even though the school on which the student's initial eligibility was based no longer is a low performing school, but (2) becomes ineligible if assigned to attend a school that is not a low performing school.
- (b) Same as House version.

(b) Same as House version.

Sec. 29.203. FINANCING. (a) Provides that a student

Sec. 29.203(a). Same as House version.

Sec. 29.203(a). Same as House version.

Conference Committee Report Section-by-Section Analysis May 30, 1997

#### **HOUSE VERSION**

using a grant to attend a public school outside the district in which the student lives is included in the average daily attendance (ADA) of the district where the school is located and not of the student's home district.

- (b) Provides that a school district is entitled to a public education grant allotment provided by Section 42.157 and, under certain conditions, additional state aid for each student using a grant to attend school in the district.
- (c) Provides that, if a district accepts a number of students equal to or greater than one percent of its previous year's ADA, it is entitled to a certain amount of additional facilities assistance under Section 42.4101.
- (d) Deletes provision that defines what constitutes a student's public education grant. Adds provision allowing a district to reject an application from a nonresident student only if 95 percent or more of the available positions for the grade level for which the student is applying are filled.
- (e) Changes provisions concerning the prohibition against a school district charging a student tuition when the student uses a public education grant to attend school in that district by deleting qualifying language.
- (f) Retains current language.

#### SENATE VERSION

- (b) Same as House version.
- (c) Same as House version.
- (d) Same as House version but does not include the added provision.
- (e) Same as House version.
- (f) Same as House version.

CONFERENCE

- (b) Same as House version.
- (c) Same as House version.
- (d) Same as Senate version.

- (e) Same as House version.
- (f) Same as House version.

Conference Committee Report Section-by-Section Analysis May 30, 1997

#### **HOUSE VERSION**

(g) Defines "equalized wealth level," "guaranteed wealth level," and "wealth per student."

SECTION 2. Amends Chapter 29, Education Code, by adding Section 29.204, NOTIFICATION, to: (a) require the commissioner, not later than July 1 of each year, to notify each district having a campus identified as low performing under Section 29.202 of that fact, identifying such campuses and informing the district of its obligation to comply with the following notification requirements; and (b) require the district, not later than July 15 of each year, to notify the parent of each student assigned to a campus described above that the student is eligible for a public education grant. Requires the notice to explain the grant program and how to obtain further information.

SECTION 3. Amends Chapter 29, Education Code, by adding Section 29.205, CONTRACT AUTHORITY, to allow a district's board of trustees to contract for certain educational services for students who are eligible for grants.

SECTION 4. Amends Chapter 42, Education Code, by adding Section 42.157, PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANT ALLOTMENT, to set forth provisions relating to the computation of and limitations on the public education grant allotment to which certain school districts are entitled.

SECTION 5. Amends Chapter 42, Education Code, by

SENATE VERSION

(g) Same as House version.

SECTION 2. Similar to House version except that it requires the commissioner to give the notice not later than January 1, and to base the notice on the preceding year, and it requires a district that must give parental notification to do so not later than February 1.

SECTION 3. Same as House version.

SECTION 4. Same as House version.

SECTION 5. Same as House version.

**CONFERENCE** 

(g) Same as House version.

SECTION 3. Same as Senate version but requires the commissioner's notice to be based on the most recent information available.

SECTION 4. Same as House version.

SECTION 5. Same as House version.

SECTION 6. Same as House version.

Conference Committee Report Section-by-Section Analysis May 30, 1997

#### **HOUSE VERSION**

SENATE VERSION

4

CONFERENCE

adding Section 42.4101, ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR DISTRICTS WITH STUDENTS USING PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANTS, to set forth provisions relating to the computation of additional state aid for districts accepting students using public education grants.

SECTION 6. Same as House version.

SECTION 7. Same as House version.

SECTION 6. Provides that the Act applies beginning with the 1997-1998 school year.

SECTION 7. Same as House version.

SECTION 8. Same as House version.

SECTION 7. Emergency clause.

#### **CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT FORM**

	Austin, To
	Date
orable Bob Bullock sident of the Senate	ADOPTED
orable James E. "Pete" Laney aker of the House of Representatives	ADOPTED  22 - 7  MAY 3 1 1997
• •	Secretary of the Senate
ise of Representatives on	adjust the differences between the Senate and have had the same ure recommendation that it do pass in the form and
	e participate de la companya de la c
and the state of t	<u> </u>
	entrological de la companya de la c
On the part of the Senate	On the part of the House

**Note to Conference Committee Clerk:** 

Please type the names of the members of the Conference Committee under the lines provided for signature. Those members desiring to sign the report should sign each of the six copies. Attach a copy of the Conference Committee Report and a Section by Section side by side comparison to each of the six reporting forms. The original and two copies are filed in house of origin of the bill, and three copies in the other house.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

H.B. No. 318

#### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2	relating to public school choice.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. Subchapter D, Chapter 12, Education Code, is
5	amended by adding Section 12.1011 to read as follows:
6	Sec. 12.1011. PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANT CHARTERS. (a) In
7	addition to the other charters authorized under this subchapter, in
8	accordance with this subchapter the State Board of Education may
9	grant:
10	(1) not more than 100 charters for open-enrollment
11	charter schools that adopt an express policy providing for the
12	admission of students eligible for a public education grant under
13	Subchapter G, Chapter 29; and
14	(2) additional charters for open-enrollment charter
15	schools for which at least 75 percent of the prospective student
16	population, as specified in the proposed charter, will be students
17	who have dropped out of school or are at risk of dropping out of
18	school as defined by Section 29.081.
19	(b) An open-enrollment charter school granted a charter
20	under this section may serve students who are not eligible for a
21	public education grant under Subchapter G, Chapter 29, but a school
22	granted a charter under Subsection (a)(2) must maintain, as a
23	condition of its charter, the required percentage of students.
24	SECTION 2. Sections 29.202 and 29.203, Education Code, are

hahrams	+ ~	raad	20	fal	10000

1 1

2.4

Sec. 29.202. ELIGIBILITY. (a) A student is eligible to receive a public education grant or to attend another public school in the district in which the student resides under this subchapter if the student is assigned to attend a public school campus:

- (1) at which 50 percent or more of the students did not perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered under Section 39.023(a) or (b) in any two of the [in-the] preceding three years; or
- (2) that was, at any time in the preceding three years, identified as low-performing by the commissioner under Subchapter D, Chapter 39.
- (b) After a student has used a public education grant to attend a school in a district other than the district in which the student resides:
- (1) the student does not become ineligible for the grant if the school on which the student's initial eligibility is based no longer meets the criteria under Subsection (a); and
- (2) the student becomes ineligible for the grant if the student is assigned to attend a school that does not meet the criteria under Subsection (a).
- Sec. 29.203. FINANCING. (a) A student [eligible--under Section-25.001-to-attend-school-in-a-school-district-but] who under this subchapter uses a public education grant to attend [attends] a public school in a school [another] district other than the district in which the student resides is included in the average daily attendance of the district in which the student [resides.

The-district-in-which-the-student] attends school [shall--report the-student's--attendance--to--the--district--in-which-the-student resides-in-accordance-with-rules-adopted-by-the-commissioner].

- (b) A school district is entitled to the allotment provided by Section 42.157 for each eligible student using a public education grant. If the district has a wealth per student greater than the guaranteed wealth level but less than the equalized wealth level, a school district is entitled under rules adopted by the commissioner to additional state aid in an amount equal to the difference between the cost to the district of providing services to a student using a public education grant and the sum of the state aid received because of the allotment under Section 42.157 and money from the available school fund attributable to the student.
- (c) A school district is entitled to additional facilities assistance under Section 42.4101 if the district agrees to:
- (1) accept a number of students using public education grants that is at least one percent of the district's average daily attendance for the preceding school year; and
- (2) provide services to each student until the student either voluntarily decides to attend a school in a different district or graduates from high school.
- (d) [A-student's-public-education-grant-is-the--total--state and--local-funding-per-student-for-the-school-district-in-which-the student-resides----Total--funding--from--state--and--local--sources includes---special--allotments--under-Subchapter-C7-Chapter-427-but does-not-include-small-district7-sparsity7-and--cost--of--education

· 1

adjustments—and—allotments—for—technology—and—transportation——A student's—public—education—grant—is—the—entitlement—of—the—student; under—the—supervision—of—the—student's—parent;—guardian;—or custodian;—is—not—an—entitlement—of—any—school—district;—and—is paid—to—a—school—district—solely—as—a—means—of—administrative convenience;

[(e)] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 is entitled to accept or reject the application for the student to attend school in that district but may not criteria that discriminate on the basis of a student's race, ethnicity, academic achievement, athletic abilities, language proficiency, sex, or socioeconomic status. A school district that has more acceptable applicants for attendance under this subchapter than available positions must give priority to students at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Section 29.081 and must fill the available positions by lottery. However, to achieve continuity in education, a school district may give preference over students to enrolled students and to the siblings of enrolled students residing in the same household or other children residing same household as enrolled students for the convenience of parents, guardians, or custodians of those children.

(e) [+d+] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 may not charge the student tuition [in addition-to-the-public-education-grant-or-charge-tuition-that-is greater-than-the-district's-average-expenditure-per-student:-The school-district-in-which-the-student-resides-is-entitled-to-the remainder;-if-any;-of-the-student's-public-education-grant-funds].

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1	(f) [ $(e)$ ] The school district in which a student resides
2	shall provide each student attending a school in another district
3	under this subchapter transportation free of charge to and from the
4	school the student would otherwise attend.
5	(g) In this section:
6	(1) "Equalized wealth level" has the meaning assigned

- (1) "Equalized wealth level" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
  - (2) "Guaranteed wealth level" means a wealth per student equal to the dollar amount guaranteed level of state and local funds per weighted student per cent of tax effort, as provided by Section 42.302, multiplied by 10,000.
- (3) "Wealth per student" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
- SECTION 3. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 29.204 to read as follows:
- Sec. 29.204. NOTIFICATION. (a) Not later than January 1 of each year the commissioner shall, based on the most recent information available, provide notice to each school district in which a campus described by Section 29.202 is located that:
- (1) identifies each campus in the district that meets the description in Section 29.202; and
- (2) informs the district that the district must comply with Subsection (b).
- (b) Not later than February 1 of each year, a school district shall notify the parent of each student in the district assigned to attend a campus described by Section 29.202 that the student is eligible for a public education grant. The notice must

1	contain	a cle	ar,	concis	е ехр	lan	ation	of t	he pub	lic	education	n grant
2	program	and	of	the m	anner	in	which	the	parer	t ma	y obtain	further
3	informat	ion a	bout	the r	rogra	m .						

SECTION 4. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 29.205 to read as follows:

Sec. 29.205. CONTRACT AUTHORITY. The board of trustees of a school district may contract under Section 11.157 for the provision of educational services to a district student eligible to receive a public education grant under Section 29.202.

SECTION 5. Subchapter C, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.157 to read as follows:

Sec. 42.157. PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANT ALLOTMENT. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), for each student in average daily attendance who is using a public education grant under Subchapter G, Chapter 29, to attend school in a district other than the district in which the student resides, the district in which the student attends school is entitled to an annual allotment equal to the adjusted basic allotment multiplied by a weight of 0.1.

(b) The total number of allotments under this section to which a district is entitled may not exceed the number by which the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district exceeds the number of students who reside in the district and use public education grants to attend school in another district.

SECTION 6. Subchapter H, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.4101 to read as follows:

Sec. 42.4101. ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR DISTRICTS WITH

STUDENTS USING PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANTS. (a) A d	<u>istrict                                   </u>	
entitled to additional assistance under this section as	provided	ed.

- (b) The amount of additional assistance under this section is computed by subtracting the number of students residing in the district and using public education grants to attend school in another district for the year in which the assistance is granted from the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district for that year and multiplying the difference by \$266.
- (c) If a district to which this section applies is entitled to the maximum amount of assistance under Section 42.406, the maximum is increased by the amount of additional assistance to which the district is entitled under this section.
- SECTION 7. This Act applies beginning with the 1997-1998 school year.

SECTION 8. The importance of this legislation and crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act take effect and be in force from and after passage, and it is so enacted.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

Conference Committee Report Section-by-Section Analysis May 30, 1997

#### **HOUSE VERSION**

#### SENATE VERSION

#### **CONFERENCE**

No equivalent provision.

No equivalent provision.

SECTION 1. Amends Chapter 12, Education Code, by adding Section 12.1011 to allow the State Board of Education to grant up to 100 charters for open-enrollment charter schools that adopt express policies for admitting students eligible to receive public education grants and additional charters for open-enrollment charter schools whose prospective student bodies will include a certain percentage of dropouts and at-risk students.

SECTION 1. Amends Sections 29.202 and 29.203, Education Code, as follows:

SECTION 1. Similar to House version with the following exceptions.

SECTION 2. Similar to Senate version with the following exception.

Sec. 29.202. ELIGIBILITY. (a) Provides that a student is eligible for a public education grant if the student is assigned to a school in which 50 percent or more of the students did not perform satisfactorily on the TAAS test or exit-level test at any time in the preceding three years or that the commissioner identified as low performing at any time in the three years.

- (a) Provides that a student is eligible to receive a grant or to attend another public school in the student's home district if the student is assigned to a low performing school. Designation as a low performing school on the basis of test scores requires that 50 percent or more of the school's students did not perform satisfactorily on the tests during each of the preceding three years.
- (a) Same as Senate version except that criterion for designation as a low performing school on the basis of statewide test scores requires that 50 percent or more of the students did not perform satisfactorily on those tests during any two of the preceding three years.

- (b) Provides that a student using a grant to attend school outside the student's home district (1) remains eligible for the grant even though the school on which the student's initial eligibility was based no longer is a low performing school, but (2) becomes ineligible if assigned to attend a school that is not a low performing school.
- (b) Same as House version.

(b) Same as House version.

Sec. 29.203. FINANCING. (a) Provides that a student

Sec. 29.203(a). Same as House version.

Sec. 29.203(a). Same as House version.

Conference Committee Report Section-by-Section Analysis May 30, 1997

#### **HOUSE VERSION**

using a grant to attend a public school outside the district in which the student lives is included in the average daily attendance (ADA) of the district where the school is located and not of the student's home district.

- (b) Provides that a school district is entitled to a public education grant allotment provided by Section 42.157 and, under certain conditions, additional state aid for each student using a grant to attend school in the district.
- (c) Provides that, if a district accepts a number of students equal to or greater than one percent of its previous year's ADA, it is entitled to a certain amount of additional facilities assistance under Section 42.4101.
- (d) Deletes provision that defines what constitutes a student's public education grant. Adds provision allowing a district to reject an application from a nonresident student only if 95 percent or more of the available positions for the grade level for which the student is applying are filled.
- (e) Changes provisions concerning the prohibition against a school district charging a student tuition when the student uses a public education grant to attend school in that district by deleting qualifying language.
- (f) Retains current language.

SENATE VERSION

(b) Same as House version.

(c) Same as House version.

(d) Same as House version but does not include the added provision.

(e) Same as House version.

(f) Same as House version.

**CONFERENCE** 

(b) Same as House version.

(c) Same as House version.

(d) Same as Senate version.

(e) Same as House version.

(f) Same as House version.

Conference Committee Report Section-by-Section Analysis May 30, 1997

#### **HOUSE VERSION**

(g) Defines "equalized wealth level," "guaranteed wealth level," and "wealth per student."

SECTION 2. Amends Chapter 29, Education Code, by adding Section 29.204, NOTIFICATION, to: (a) require the commissioner, not later than July 1 of each year, to notify each district having a campus identified as low performing under Section 29.202 of that fact, identifying such campuses and informing the district of its obligation to comply with the following notification requirements; and (b) require the district, not later than July 15 of each year, to notify the parent of each student assigned to a campus described above that the student is eligible for a public education grant. Requires the notice to explain the grant program and how to obtain further information.

SECTION 3. Amends Chapter 29, Education Code, by adding Section 29.205, CONTRACT AUTHORITY, to allow a district's board of trustees to contract for certain educational services for students who are eligible for grants.

SECTION 4. Amends Chapter 42, Education Code, by adding Section 42.157, PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANT ALLOTMENT, to set forth provisions relating to the computation of and limitations on the public education grant allotment to which certain school districts are entitled.

SECTION 5. Amends Chapter 42, Education Code, by

SENATE VERSION

(g) Same as House version.

SECTION 2. Similar to House version except that it requires the commissioner to give the notice not later than January 1, and to base the notice on the preceding year, and it requires a district that must give parental notification to do so not later than February 1.

SECTION 3. Same as House version.

SECTION 4. Same as House version.

SECTION 5. Same as House version.

**CONFERENCE** 

(g) Same as House version.

SECTION 3. Same as Senate version but requires the commissioner's notice to be based on the most recent information available.

SECTION 4. Same as House version.

SECTION 5. Same as House version.

SECTION 6. Same as House version.

75R17034 JLZ-D

Conference Committee Report Section-by-Section Analysis May 30, 1997

#### **HOUSE VERSION** SENATE VERSION CONFERENCE

adding Section 42.4101, ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR DISTRICTS WITH STUDENTS USING PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANTS, to set forth provisions relating to the computation of additional state aid for districts accepting students using public education grants.

SECTION 6. Provides that the Act applies beginning with the 1997-1998 school year.

SECTION 6. Same as House version.

SECTION 7. Same as House version.

SECTION 7. Emergency clause.

SECTION 7. Same as House version.

SECTION 8. Same as House version.

75R17034 JLZ-D

## FISCAL NOTE

# CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

HB 318

### LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

## FISCAL NOTE 75th Regular Session

May 31, 1997

To:

Honorable Bob Bullock

Lieutenant Governor

Senate

Austin, Texas

Honorable James E. "Pete" Laney

Speaker of the House

From: John Keel, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on HB318 (Relating to the public education grant program.) this office has determined the following:

#### Biennial Net Impact to General Revenue Funds by HB318-Conference Committee Report

Implementing the provisions of the bill would result in a net (NEGATIVE) impact of \$(773,266-6,196,072) to General Revenue Related Funds through the biennium ending August 31, 1999

#### Fiscal Analysis

Section 1 of the bill would add two new categories of open-enrollment charter schools. The State Board of Education would be authorized to grant up to 100 charters for open-enrollment charter schools that adopt an express policy providing for the admission of students eligible for a public education grant. Also, the Board would be authorized to grant an unlimited number of additional charters for open-enrollment charter schools for which at least 75% of the prospective student population will be students who have dropped out of school or are at risk of dropping out of school as defined by TEC 29.081.

Section 2 of the bill alters the existing Public Education Grant Program by altering the amount of the grant and by changing the eligibility requirements for the program to include campuses at which 50% or more of students did not perform satisfactorily on the TAAS in any two of the preceding three years. It would continue grants even when the campus from which a student comes is no longer considered low

performing.

#### Methodology

#### Section 1

This analysis assumes that the number of charter schools would grow gradually. Although the provisions of the bill would allow up to 100 public education grant charters and an unlimited number of dropout prevention charters, this analysis assumes that the number of new charters approved for each category would be 20 per year for a total growth rate of 40 new charters per fiscal year. It is estimated that the agency would need an additional 1 FTE for each group of 40 new charters.

If the students enrolling in the charter schools are currently enrolled in public school, they represent no additional cost to the state. Each student enrolling in a charter school who is not currently enrolled in a public school represents an additional cost of approximately \$4,900 to the Foundation School Program.

#### Section 2

Pursuant to current law, 652 campuses with 491,005 students were eligible for a PEG grant in 1995-96. Of these, 31 students actually requested and received a Public Education Grant (.006 percent). Due to natural growth in program participation and the financial incentive provided in the bill, this estimate assumes growth in the rate of student participation.

The conference committee report broadens the eligibility criteria for program participation to include campuses at which during any two of the three preceding years 50% or more or the students did not perform satisfactorily on a TAAS instrument. A total of 1,153 campuses with approximately 796,846 students would have been eligible for PEG grants for the current school year under this eligibility criteria.

The bill stipulates that Foundation School Program formula funding amounts of the receiving (or educating) district are used to calculate the grant amount. These amounts are equivalent to the amounts which would be generated for a typical transfer student, and are therefore assumed to have no direct fiscal implications for the state.

The bill provides additional assistance under the facilities program, but only about 26% of districts receive that assistance. It appears that the amount of assistance would be about equal to that provided under current law, and therefore is expected to have no

significant impact.

Districts educating students with a PEG are eligible to receive an additional allotment, calculated to be equal to 10% of the adjusted basic allotment and would likely average about \$267 based on the current average adjusted basic allotment amount. This allotment would also tend to increase the number of weighted students used in calculating the guaranteed yield amounts.

In addition, districts which do not receive funding in the second tier guaranteed yield program would be eligible for additional funding to the extent that actual costs of services exceed the amount of benefit in the Foundation School Program. While this would increase costs to the state, it is unclear how much this calculated excess cost would be. The typical amount of extra funding available in the guaranteed yield is about \$1100 per weighted student, although the actual amount is variable, and would apply to approximately 10% of the participants.

Given the low participation in the first year, this estimate provides two scenarios with different rates of participation. The first scenario assumes 0.1% of eligible students would participate, or roughly 797 students. At this level, the additional assistance in the form of the extra allotment would cost about \$212,799 per year. In the second scenario of a participation rate of 1%, cost of the allotment would reach about \$2,127,990 each year. The effect of extra allotments in the second tier of funding is approximately 40% of the cost in the first tier. This would raise the financial impact to the state to about \$297,919 per year for 0.1% participation, and to about \$2,979,190 for 1% participation.

Both scenarios assume an annual growth in participants of 5%.

The probable fiscal implications of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

#### **Five Year Impact:**

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from General Revenue Fund 0001	Probable Savings/(Cost) from Foundation School Fund 0193	Change in Number of State Employees from FY 1997		
1998	(\$56,911)	(\$293,919)	1.0		
1999	(113,822)	(308,614)	2.0		
2000	(170,733)	(324,045)	3.0		
2001	(227,644)	(340,247)	4.0		
2002	(284,555)	(357,260)	5.0		
Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from General Revenue Fund 0001	Probable Savings/(Cost) from Foundation School Fund 0193	Change in Number of State Employees from FY 1997		

1998	(\$56,911)	(\$2,939,190)	1.0
1999	(113,822)	(3,086,149)	2.0
2000	(170,733)	(3,240,456)	3.0
2001	(227,644)	(3,402,478)	4.0
2002	(284,555)	(3,572,602)	5.0

Similar annual fiscal implications would continue as long as the provisions of the bill are in effect.

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source:

Agencies:

LBB Staff: JK, LP, UP



H.B. No. 318

3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. Subchapter D, Chapter 12, Education Code, is
5	amended by adding Section 12.1011 to read as follows:
6	Sec. 12.1011. PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANT CHARTERS. (a) In
7	addition to the other charters authorized under this subchapter, in
8	accordance with this subchapter the State Board of Education may
9	grant:
10	(1) not more than 100 charters for open-enrollment
11	charter schools that adopt an express policy providing for the
12	admission of students eligible for a public education grant under
13	Subchapter G, Chapter 29; and
- 0	
14	(2) additional charters for open-enrollment charter
14	(2) additional charters for open-enrollment charter
14 15	(2) additional charters for open-enrollment charter schools for which at least 75 percent of the prospective student
14 15 16	(2) additional charters for open-enrollment charter schools for which at least 75 percent of the prospective student population, as specified in the proposed charter, will be students
14 15 16 17	(2) additional charters for open-enrollment charter schools for which at least 75 percent of the prospective student population, as specified in the proposed charter, will be students who have dropped out of school or are at risk of dropping out of
14 15 16 17	(2) additional charters for open-enrollment charter schools for which at least 75 percent of the prospective student population, as specified in the proposed charter, will be students who have dropped out of school or are at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Section 29.081.
14 15 16 17 18	(2) additional charters for open-enrollment charter schools for which at least 75 percent of the prospective student population, as specified in the proposed charter, will be students who have dropped out of school or are at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Section 29.081.  (b) An open-enrollment charter school granted a charter
14 15 16 17 18 19	(2) additional charters for open-enrollment charter schools for which at least 75 percent of the prospective student population, as specified in the proposed charter, will be students who have dropped out of school or are at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Section 29.081.  (b) An open-enrollment charter school granted a charter under this section may serve students who are not eligible for a
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(2) additional charters for open-enrollment charter schools for which at least 75 percent of the prospective student population, as specified in the proposed charter, will be students who have dropped out of school or are at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Section 29.081.  (b) An open-enrollment charter school granted a charter under this section may serve students who are not eligible for a public education grant under Subchapter G, Chapter 29, but a school

AN ACT

relating to public school choice.

1

amended to	read as	follows:
------------	---------	----------

Sec. 29.202. ELIGIBILITY. (a) A student is eligible to receive a public education grant or to attend another public school in the district in which the student resides under this subchapter if the student is assigned to attend a public school campus:

- (1) at which 50 percent or more of the students did not perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered under Section 39.023(a) or (b) in any two of the [in-the] preceding three years; or
- (2) that was, at any time in the preceding three years, identified as low-performing by the commissioner under Subchapter D, Chapter 39.
- (b) After a student has used a public education grant to attend a school in a district other than the district in which the student resides:
- (1) the student does not become ineligible for the grant if the school on which the student's initial eligibility is based no longer meets the criteria under Subsection (a); and
- (2) the student becomes ineligible for the grant if the student is assigned to attend a school that does not meet the criteria under Subsection (a).
- Section-25:001-to-attend-school-in-a-school-district-but] who under this subchapter uses a public education grant to attend [attends] a public school in a school [another] district other than the district in which the student resides is included in the average daily attendance of the district in which the student [resides:

The-district-in-which-the-student] attends school [shall--report the--student-s--attendance--to--the--district--in-which-the-student resides-in-accordance-with-rules-adopted-by-the-commissioner].

- (b) A school district is entitled to the allotment provided by Section 42.157 for each eligible student using a public education grant. If the district has a wealth per student greater than the guaranteed wealth level but less than the equalized wealth level, a school district is entitled under rules adopted by the commissioner to additional state aid in an amount equal to the difference between the cost to the district of providing services to a student using a public education grant and the sum of the state aid received because of the allotment under Section 42.157 and money from the available school fund attributable to the student.
- (c) A school district is entitled to additional facilities assistance under Section 42.4101 if the district agrees to:
- (1) accept a number of students using public education grants that is at least one percent of the district's average daily attendance for the preceding school year; and
- (2) provide services to each student until the student either voluntarily decides to attend a school in a different district or graduates from high school.
- (d) [A-student's-public-education-grant-is-the--total--state and--local-funding-per-student-for-the-school-district-in-which-the student-resides:----Total--funding--from--state--and--local--sources includes---special--allotments--under-Subchapter-C7-Chapter-427-but does-not-include-small-district7-sparsity7-and--cost--of--education

adjustments--and--allotments--for-technology-and-transportation---A student's-public-education-grant-is-the-entitlement-of-the-student; under--the--supervision--of--the--student's--parent;--guardian;--or custodian;-is-not-an-entitlement-of-any--school--district;--and--is paid--to--a--school--district--solely--as-a-means-of-administrative convenience:

[tet] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 is entitled to accept or reject the application for the student to attend school in that district but may not use criteria that discriminate on the basis of a student's race, ethnicity, academic achievement, athletic abilities, language proficiency, sex, or socioeconomic status. A school district that has more acceptable applicants for attendance under this subchapter than available positions must give priority to students at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Section 29.081 and must fill the available positions by lottery. However, to achieve continuity in education, a school district may give preference over at-risk students to enrolled students and to the siblings of enrolled students residing in the same household or other children residing in the same household as enrolled students for the convenience of parents, guardians, or custodians of those children.

(e) [(d)] A school district chosen by a student's parent under Section 29.201 may not charge the student tuition [in addition-to-the-public-education-grant-or-charge--tuition--that--is greater--than--the-district's-average-expenditure-per-student---The school-district-in-which-the-student-resides--is--entitled--to--the remainder,-if-any,-of-the-student's-public-education-grant-funds].

								H.B. No	318
1	<u>(f</u>	[ <del>(e )</del> ]	The	school	distri	ct in	which	a student	resides
2	shall pro	ovide ea	ch stu	ident at	tending	a scho	ol in	another	district
3	under th	is subcha	apter	transpo	rtation	free o	f charg	e to and	from the
4	school th	he stude	nt wou	ild othe	rwise a	ttend.			
5	<u>(g</u>	) In th	is sec	tion:					
6		(1)	"Equa	lized	wealth :	level"	has the	meaning	assigned
7	by Section	on 41.00	<u>1 .</u>						

- (2) "Guaranteed wealth level" means a wealth per student equal to the dollar amount guaranteed level of state and local funds per weighted student per cent of tax effort, as provided by Section 42.302, multiplied by 10,000.
- (3) "Wealth per student" has the meaning assigned by Section 41.001.
  - SECTION 3. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 29.204 to read as follows:
  - Sec. 29.204. NOTIFICATION. (a) Not later than January 1 of each year the commissioner shall, based on the most recent information available, provide notice to each school district in which a campus described by Section 29.202 is located that:
  - (1) identifies each campus in the district that meets the description in Section 29.202; and
  - (2) informs the district that the district must comply with Subsection (b).
  - (b) Not later than February 1 of each year, a school district shall notify the parent of each student in the district assigned to attend a campus described by Section 29.202 that the student is eligible for a public education grant. The notice must

Į.	contain	a cle	ar,	conc	ise exp	lan	ation (	of the	he publ	ic e	ducation	ı grant
2	program	and	of	the	manner	in	which	the	parent	may	obtain	further
3	informat	ion a	bout	t the	progra	m.						

SECTION 4. Subchapter G, Chapter 29, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 29.205 to read as follows:

Sec. 29.205. CONTRACT AUTHORITY. The board of trustees of a school district may contract under Section 11.157 for the provision of educational services to a district student eligible to receive a public education grant under Section 29.202.

SECTION 5. Subchapter C, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.157 to read as follows:

Sec. 42.157. PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANT ALLOTMENT. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), for each student in average daily attendance who is using a public education grant under Subchapter G, Chapter 29, to attend school in a district other than the district in which the student resides, the district in which the student attends school is entitled to an annual allotment equal to the adjusted basic allotment multiplied by a weight of 0.1.

(b) The total number of allotments under this section to which a district is entitled may not exceed the number by which the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district exceeds the number of students who reside in the district and use public education grants to attend school in another district.

SECTION 6. Subchapter H, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.4101 to read as follows:

Sec. 42.4101. ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR DISTRICTS WITH

STUDENTS USING PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANTS. (a) A district is
entitled to additional assistance under this section as provided by
Section 29.203(c).

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- (b) The amount of additional assistance under this section is computed by subtracting the number of students residing in the district and using public education grants to attend school in another district for the year in which the assistance is granted from the number of students using public education grants to attend school in the district for that year and multiplying the difference by \$266.
- (c) If a district to which this section applies is entitled to the maximum amount of assistance under Section 42.406, the maximum is increased by the amount of additional assistance to which the district is entitled under this section.
- SECTION 7. This Act applies beginning with the 1997-1998 school year.
- importance of this legislation and SECTION 8. The crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an imperative public necessity that the emergency and an constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

H.B. No. 318

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 318 was passed by the House on May 8, 1997, by the following vote: Yeas 125, Nays 0, 1 present, not voting; that the House refused to concur in Senate amendments to H.B. No. 318 on May 28, 1997, and requested the appointment of a conference committee to consider the differences between the two houses; and that the House adopted the conference committee report on H.B. No. 318 on May 31, 1997, by the following vote: Yeas 98, Nays 42, 1 present, not voting.

Chief Clerk of the House

H.B. No. 318

I certify that H.B. No. 318 was passed by the Senate, with amendments, on May 26, 1997, by the following vote: Yeas 31, Nays 0; at the request of the House, the Senate appointed a conference committee to consider the differences between the two houses; and that the Senate adopted the conference committee report on H.B. No. 318 on May 31, 1997, by the following vote: Yeas 22, Nays 7.

		Secretary of the Senate
APPROVED: _	Data	
	Date	
	Governor	

President of the Senate	Speaker of the House
I certify that H.B. No. $\frac{31}{(1)}$	$\frac{\mathcal{B}}{\mathcal{B}}$ was passed by the House on
<u>may 8</u> , 1	997, by the following vote:
Yeas 125, Nays 0, 1 prese	nt, not voting
that the House refused to concur	in Senate amendments to H.B. No. 318
on <u>May 28</u> (5)	
appointment of a conference commi	ttee to consider the differences
between the two houses; and that	the House adopted the conference
	on <u>May 31</u> , 1997, by
the following vote: Yeas $\frac{98}{(7)}$ ,	Nays 42, 1 présent, 470t voting.
	Chief Clerk of the House
**** Preparation: CT43;	
I certify that H.B. No. $\frac{31}{(1)}$	$\frac{8}{9}$ was passed by the Senate, with
amendments, on May 26	, 1997, by the following
vote: Yeas $\frac{3/}{(3)}$ , Nays $\frac{0}{(3)}$	;
(3)	(4)
at the request of the House, the	Senate appointed a conference
committee to consider the differe	ences between the two houses;
and that the Senate adopted the c	
· •	, 1997, by the following vote:
Yeas $\frac{22}{(6)}$ , Nays $\frac{7}{}$	(7)
(6)	( / )
	Secretary of the Senate
APPROVED:	
Date	
Governor	

\*\*\*\* Preparation: CT44;

		1	,	,
		219		
u D	No	< 1X		

#### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

. ⊶ <i>'</i> By	Hos	la	1	1- 1	<b>.</b>	
<u> </u>	,	(H.	(uellar)			

Relating to the public education grant program.

UEC 1 6 1996	Filed with the Chief Clerk
FEB 3 1997	Read first time and referred to Committee on Public Education
APR 1 7 1957	Reportedfavorably (as amended) (as substituted)
APR 2 8 1997	Sent to Committee on (Calendars)  (Local & Consent Calendars)
MAY 6 1997	Read second time (comm. subst.) (amended); passed to third reading (failed) by a (non-record vote)  (record vote of
	Constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days suspended (failed to suspend) by a vote of yeas, present, not voting
MAY 8 1997	Read third time (energe); finally passed (energe pass) by a (non-record vote)  (record vote of
MAY 0 8 1997	Engrossed
MAY 0 9 1997	Sent to Senate  CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE
OTHER HOUSE ACTIO	N:
	Received from the House
MAY 1 8 1997	Read and referred to Committee onEDUCATION
MAY 1 8 1997	Reported favorably Reported adversely, with favorable Committee Substitute; Committee Substitute read first time  Ordered not printed
MAY 2 6 1997	Laid before the Senate
	Senate and Constitutional Rules to permit consideration suspended by (unanimous consent)  (
MAY 2.6 1937	Read second time,, and passed to third reading by (manimous consent)  (a viva voce vete)  (yeas, nay
MAY 2 6 1997	Senate and Constitutional 3 Day Rules suspended by a vote of 31 yeas, 0 nays
MAY 2.6 1997	Read third time,, and passed by (a viva voce vote)  (3) Aeas, O nays
may 26, 1997	Returned to the House
OTHER SENATE ACT	SECRETARY OF THE SENATE ON:

MAY 2 6 1997	_ Returned from the Senate	(as substituted)			
		te amendments by a (non-re		not voting)	
MAY 2 8 1997		in Senate amendments and	requested the appointme	ent of a conference commi	ttee
MAY 2 8 1997	by a (non-record vote) (a  House conferees appointed	ed: Cuellar	, Chair;	ochberg	<b></b> ,
	Krusee	Rhode	<u>s</u> <u>S</u>	adler	
May 29, 1997	Senate granted House rea	quest. Senate conferees app	pointed: Birins		Chair
,		. Itanywood		Ratliff-	
MAY 3 1 1997		eport adopted ( ) by t		not voting)	
MAY 3 1 1997	Conference committee re	eport adopted (rejected) by to yeas, nay	the Senate by a (vive-		